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THE LAND OF REST.

[From Good Housekeeping.]

Beyond the valley lying low,
Through which our feet some day shall go—
Beyond the hill's so purple haze,
That stretches far beyond our gaze—
There is a place, so happily blest,
Which here we call The Land of Best.

A land with hills and valleys fair,
And many of our loved are there;
So silently, and one by one
They went the lonesome journey on;
All, with hands upon their breast,
Went out into The Land of Rest.

I long that happy bourne to see,
I long to know how it will be
When first these eyes of mine behold
The land of which the prophets told.
Of my inheritance possessed,
When I shall I reach The Land of Rest?

O blessed Land! O time so slow!
Not with reluctance I shall go,
But on my lips a happy song,
That it, the day looked for so long,
Has come to take me to that blest—
That peaceful land, The Land of Rest.

"COULD YE COME BACK TO ME, DOUGLAS, DOUGLAS."

[Miss Muloch, author of "John Halifax, Gentleman."]

Could ye come back to me, Douglas, Douglas,
In the old likeness that I knew,
I would be so faithful, so loving, Douglas—
Douglas, Douglas, tender and true.

Never a scornful word should grieve ye,
I'd smile on ye sweet as the angels do;—
Sweet as your smile on me shone ever,
Douglas, Douglas, tender and true.

Oh to call back the days that are not!
My eyes were blinded, your words were few.
Do you know the truth now up in Heaven,
Douglas, Douglas, tender and true?

I never was worthy of you, Douglas,—
Not half worthy the like of you.
Now all men beside seem to me like shadows,
Douglas, Douglas, tender and true.

Stretch out your hand to me, Douglas, Douglas,
Drop forgiveness from Heaven like dew;
As I lay my heart on your dead heart, Douglas,
Douglas, Douglas, tender and true.

A GREAT FRAUD.

]Wilmington Star.]

The *Manufacturers' Record*, of Baltimore, is about as one-sided and blinded a Protection organ as we have seen. It thinks the great prosperity in manufacturing in the South and the multiplying of industries are all owing to that benign and beautiful Radical arrangement so dear to the heart of Protectionists by which ten men are robbed literally to put money in the pocket of the eleventh man who has not the slightest demand upon them. Mr. Randall's deceptive talk was all in the same strain when he was so bad-mannered as to make a political speech at an industrial exhibit at Atlanta, and he was an invited guest of people of whom five-sixths were opposed to his twaddle. If the *Manufactueers' Record* does not believe that the most prosperous era of this country was in the Low Tariff time let it appeal to the figures and prove its faith. Secretary Lamar's speech in the Senate will give it the official figures.

No country under Heaven has ever prospered as England has since it started out in 1846, upon its comparatively Free Trade System. He is indeed a very bold editor who can dare to advocate in these days of enlightenment a system that is positively as mean, as immoral, as unrighteous as highway robbery. He must trust a great deal to the supreme ignorance of his readers and to the long suffering of the millions who are grinding in the mills of plutocrats and greedy monopolists for their still greater enrichment.

While the few comparatively who are manufacturing are protected and enriched by a scheme of oppression and plunder, the farmers of the land are the hewers of wood and drawers of water for this arrogant and insatiate gang, and are bamboozled to some extent by the pretence that they too are protected in what they produce. There was never a greater humbug and fraud sought to be put off upon a great community. In fact, the pretence is too ludicrous for serious refutation or argument. The War Tariff puts a tax on *foreign* wheat, corn, hay, beef, butter, &c., just as if these articles were really imported to any important extent. The truth of the matter is the farmers of this country raise vast amounts above what can be consumed at home, and they are constantly *exporting* in great quantities the very articles the Republican War Tariff pretends to *protect*. Save the mark! Such protection as that is not worth a bundle of threshed straw. What do the farmers of this country want with a humbug protection *against* farm and dairy products when they are shipping abroad hundreds of millions of dollars worth of these very products, they being their surplus. These products compete in the foreign countries when shipped there with the products of other lands. The St. Louis *Republican*, a staunch Democratic paper by the way, says of this fraudulent protection offered American farmers:

"Indeed, so ineffective are the duties on grain and other farm products that not one farmer in twenty know that such duties exist. Our duties on farm products are a bald cheat and fraud for the delusion of Western farmers. The protective tariff was devised for the benefit of Eastern manufacturers alone; but decency required that this fact should be concealed, and some pretence, of equality be maintained—and this is accomplished by levying duties on farm products that are never imported, and can not be imported. The Western farmer is made to pay a protective duty on nearly everything he buys, but not one cent of protection does he get for himself."

This will apply to most of the Southern farmers with equal force.

The young man who has managed, or mismanaged the affairs of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad for a few years past, isn't as sound in the Garret as his father was.

THE OLD FASHIONED WAY.

Herbs Given for Ailments—Women in Council Over the Sick—Good Nursing.

[Mary E. Spencer in Globe-Democrat.]

All women believe in herbs. Men, at least, pretend not to. But it is a part of manhood to laugh at us and our notions; but I notice that John is always ready to take, or even call for, a decoction of some of my fragrant bunches when he gets under the weather. In the spring of the year a bowl of boneset tea is sure to be needed, and it saves doctors' bills. I know they laugh at it and wish instead that I shall take a thirty-third dilution of deadly aconite or nightshade. I do not see why we should throw away innocent herbs for rank poisons, or why mineral drugs should be more honorable or safe than vegetable. So I shall cling to my old fashioned ways and have faith in the virtues of hyssop and mint. Heaven help us! but I am afraid to have their poisons growing in my beds of flowers lest a child will chew one of them and die.

I am just old enough to remember one or two old style kitchens—twenty feet square and full to the muzzle of good things. The ceiling was low—only over a tall man's head—and you should see how the great beams were hung with apples on strings, and bunches of parsley, and dill, and mullein, and rue, and savory, and mints, and saffron, and tansy, and a dozen more of nature's healers. It was around an enormous chimney, eight feet square, I think—and odors were as sweet as the smell of the doughnuts that were skimmed from the lard, in the big kettle, that swung on a crane over the backlog. Have I owned too much as to my age? A woman must not have too ancient a memory, yet I cannot help it. I do remember those herbs, and days of herbs, with delight—all but the cookies with carroway seeds in them. I preferred fennel—and now people will have neither one nor the other.

In those days doctors' bills were never allowed to swallow up a farm and turn folks out of doors. The grandmother was chief doctor, and her experience was considered authority; but all the women in the neighborhood held council, and each one advised and prescribed. So it happened one was well purged, and sometimes terribly dosed. If one dose did not do the thing, another would. First one, then the other. We had in our family the castor oil party, and the salts party, and when one of us had indiscreetly loaded in too many plums, she was sure to have to swallow both salts and oil. So much for parties and seets. And when one has down pennyroyal and rhubarb and senna, and cherry bark, who is to tell which it is does the work? If one did but get well, the glory of it was enough to go round, and each would claim the success; but if the patient died, who, indeed, was to blame? It was the other party's medicine that did it.

But it was the nursing that did the curing in those days. I would gladly be sick once more if I could again feel the touch of that soft hand smoothing my pillows. If I should live 1,000 years there will never be a sensation so good as that—the mother's hand. All other hands are more or less selfish, but the hand of a mother brings in it the whole soul. And the smell of those lavender and sweet clover sheets and pillows! How could disease face such love and sweetness! But there were then no diphtheria and a hundred more sicknesses of modern invention. There were measles, mumps and chicken pox for everybody. We went to school to learn spelling and catch the regulation diseases. Then the right herbs were sure to be on hand to cure them. They had faith, too, in those days—if not in Mother Eddy, at least in the real mother who bore them and nursed them.

Many plants give us health by the smell, as well as by taking them into the stomach. But dogs and cats find common grass to have medicinal qualities. Before a rain Rodger and Bess will nibble quantities of grass; and it is one of the best weather signs. Our own health is affected quite as much by what we inhale as by what we imbibe. Pine woods give us invigorating odors. Many of the garden flowers give us ozone, which we breathe and get strength from. But the garden herbs are especially valuable in the same way. I confess that what I like best about the herbs is the sweet odors. A crushed handful of peppermint or pennyroyal, or summer savory, or even horse mint, is delightful.

Every autumn I go on several herb excursions, and I do not hesitate to gather a few roots. Mulleins I must have for drafts. Beneset is invaluable for jaundice. Every American is entitled to get bilious. It is a prerogative of all pie and pork eaters. Then he must have his thoroughwort tea. For a stouter bitter it is well to have wormwood in the house. Peppermint and catnip are specific for colic. Blackberry roots are the best of remedies for diarrhea and choleraic difficulties. It is charming to be one's own doctor; to learn the sympathy of each part of the body for special vegetable growths.

A Phase of Political Independence.

[The Century.]

The fact that party managers and public officials show themselves so responsive to the vilest elements of society indicates great activity on the part of the vilest elements. Their number is not large, but their zeal is hot and their purpose is strong; what they lack in weight they make up in velocity. Their demands are incessant and insistent; their pressue upon the political leaders is never lightened. The better classes make no such demonstration of their purpose. There is little political activity among them; their numbers and their weight give them little force, because there is so little movement. The vilest prevails over the best because they are so much more active in their own interest, and so much more positive in their demands.

They gain advantage, also, in another way. They are much less intense in their partisanship. One who watches the municipal contests in a city where the two great parties are pretty evenly balanced will see that the disorderly and vicious classes are by no means wedded to either party. Their vote goes, almost solidly, first to one party and then to the other,—always to the candidates that are the most satisfactory to them. Their political principles are precisely those which one of our prominent capitalists has so humorously avowed, and for the same reason. They are no bigoted partisans, not they. Consequently they manage, in a good many of our cities, to have things largely their own way.

If the supremacy of the vilest in our municipal governments is explained by the fact just mentioned, the way of overthrowing that supremacy is clearly indicated. A great increase of political activity and corresponding abatement of partisanship on the part of the best citizens is urgently called for. The latter is the simpler, and perhaps the more effective, remedy. If the upper half of each of the great parties were as fearlessly independent as the lowest quarter of the party is, the rule of the vilest would speedily cease and determine. It is the confidence of the bosses that the better citizens will be steadfastly loyal to their party obligations, that encourages them to truck and dicker with the rabble. The knowledge that they were in danger of losing the support of the reputable people would lead them to withdraw from that alliance.

The effectiveness of this remedy has already been demonstrated in several of our great cities. In these cities their is a great gain in the *personnel* of the government, and in the vigor and purity of the administration. The same remedy is in reach of the voters of all our cities.

What the Governor Said.

[Washington Letter to Phil. Record.]

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Thompson was formerly Governor of South Carolina, and might, therefore, be supposed to know more or less about that famous remark of the Governor of North Carolina. He said to me the other day that it was marvelous how far that remark had traveled. During his long tour of inspection among the lighthouses and life-saving stations on the great lakes this summer he heard of it in the most unexpected ways and places.

"Why," he continued. "one day Mr. Kimball (the superintendent of the life-saving service) and I went ashore at a little village to get shaved. We found a barber's shop and two inquisitive barbers. The one who shaved me asked questions about my journeyings until he found out that I was from Washington, and then he asked me whether I had a place in any of the departments. I told him I had, but did not tell him what it was, and he did not think it well to pursue the subject. He got through before the other barber, and I told Kimball, as I surrendered my chair to an old countryman, that I would wait for him outside. No sooner had I gone than my barber asked Kimball who I was. 'That was Governor Thompson, of South Carolina,' he said, 'now Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.' With that the old farmer rose up in his chair, all lathered as he was, and said:

"'Do you suppose he would tell me what it was the Governor of North Carolina said to him?'" I asked Governor Thompson who those famous Governors were, and just what occurred at their famous meeting. He said that he did not know them by name, and that the story was old when he was born. The tradition was that the Governor of North Carolina in the good old days when prohibition was not dreamed of, journeyed (on horseback, of course) to make a formal call on the Governor of South Carolina. The latter had a jug full of liquor in the house at that time, and for some inexplicable reason could get no more. When his distinguished guest arrived he set the jug out on the table and invited the Governor of North Carolina to make himself at home. The guest drank copiously, the host moderately, to preserve at once his soberness and his liquor. At last he saw with dismay that his guest had drank the last drop of the precious liquor. The guest was too drunk to know it, but he missed the familiar invitation of the host to take another drink. So, leaning on his elbows, he looked across the table reproachfully with the melancholy remark: "Governor, it's a long time between drinks."

Business is Business.

Chicago Trsbune.

It was the last request of the deceased, said a Kansas City miner in the course of the funeral sermon of one of that city's most active real estate boomers, that immediately after the services at the grave an auction sale of the lots in his Prospect Park addition be held, and for that purpose Colonel Inflater, the well known real estate auctioneer will be present and conduct the sales. A strange request, you will say, my friends, and a queer place for such a sale—in a cemetery. My own idea continued the minister, as he propped up the back cover of the Bible with the hymn book, was to have the procession go around by Prospective Park with a brass band and hold the auction right on the lots before going to the cemetery at all, then buyers could see just what they were getting; but then, no two men ever conduct a real estate boom exactly alike, and the dying wish of the brother shall be complied with. Sing the 275th hymn, the 275th, Away, vain earthly things.

All-Paper Cigars.

From the Albany Express.

Smokers will be interested to know that not a thousand miles from Albany there is a firm which large quantities of paper for this avowed purpose. The plan of operation is said to be this: The paper, on reaching the tobacco warehouse, is repeatedly soaked in a strong decoction of the plant. It is then cut up and pressed in moulds which give to each sheet the venation of the genuine leaf of tobacco. So close is the imitation that expert tobacco men and habitual smokers have been deceived. At a recent gathering in this city cigars made from this paper tobacco were handed around and declared excellent. Many of those present declared the cigars were made from rare brands, and so well was the imitation carried out that one man actually insisted that there could be no mistake about ihe cigars being genuine tobacco.

A party was sitting at a table in a Brewery beer saloon, and the comparative merits of celebrated poets were under discussion. Said one "Gentlemen, you may say what you please and believe what you please, but I tell you Shakespeare lays over all of them." Then a half fuddled Dutchman sitting near the party aroused up and exclaimed; Who says Shake's peer lays all over 'em! It's a humbug! I 'hef trank all der peer vot ish made already, but Shake's peer sthands at der pottom of der ladder out.—*Texas Siftings*.

ELEPHANTS.

How they are Utilized in the Lumber Business.

[St. Nicholas.]

Lazy and clumsy-looking as the elephant appears in our menageries, where it is merely an object of curiosity, in Asia it is as useful an animal as the horse, and is, indeed, employed in a greater variety of ways.

There are few, if any, tasks which a horse can be trusted to perform without careful and constant guidance; whereas the elephant is frequently given as much independence of action as a man would have for the same work. This is notably the case in the lumber-yards of Rangoon and Maulmein, where the entire operation of moving and piling the heavy timber is performed by male elephants without any special supervision by the keepers.

The logs to be moved are teakwood, which is very heavy. They are cut into lengths of twenty feet, with a diameter or perhaps a square, of about a foot. An elephant will go to a log, kneel down, thrust his tusks under the middle of it, curl his trunk over it, test it to see that it is evenly balanced, and then rise with it and easily carry it to the pile which is being made. Placing the log carefully on the pile in its proper place, the sagacious animal will step back a few paces and measure with his eye to determine whether or not the logs needs pushing one way or another. It will then make any necessary alteration of position. In this way, without a word of command from its mahout, or driver, it will go on with its work.

To do any special task, it must, of course, be directed by the mahout; but it is marvelous to see how readily this great creature comprehends its instructions, and how ingeniously it makes use of its strength. If a log too heavy to be carried is to be moved a short distance, the elephant will bend low, place his great head against the end of the log and then with a sudden exertion of strength and weight throw his body forward and fairly push the log along; or, to move the log any great distance, he will encircle it with a chain and drag his load behind him.

As a rule, however, the work of dragging is done by the female elephants, since, having no tusks, they can not carry logs as the male elephants do. A man could hardly display more judgment in the adjustment of the rope or chain around a log, nor could a man with his two hands tie and untie knots more skillfully than do they with their trunks.

Grant and Lee at Appomattox.

General Horace Porter, who was an aide of General Grant, contributes to the November *Century* an account of his last campaign, which is profusely illustrated. From it we quote as follows: "The contrast between the two commanders was very striking, and could not fail to attract marked attention, as they sat ten feet apart facing each other.

"General Grant, then nearly forty-three years of age, was five feet eight inches in height, with shoulders slightly stooped. His hair and full beard were a nut-brown, without a trace of gray in them. He had on a single-breasted blouse, made of dark-blue flannel, unbuttoned in front, and showing a waiscoat underneath. He wore an ordinary pair of top-boots, with his trousers inside, and was without spurs. The boots and portions of his clothes were spattered with mud. He had on a pair of thread gloves, of a dark yellow color, which he had taken off on entering the room. His felt 'sugar-loaf' stiff-brimmed hat was thrown on the table beside him. He had no sword, and a pair of shoulder-straps was all there was about him to designate his rank. In fact, aside from these, his uniform was that of a private soldier.

"Lee, on the other hand, was fully six feet in height, and quite erect for one of his age, for he was Grant's senior by sixteen years. His hair and full beard were a silver gray, and quite thick except that the hair had become a little thin in front. He wore a new uniform of Confederate gray buttoned up to the throat, and at his side he carried a long sword of exceedingly fine workmanship, the hilt studded with jewels. It was said to be the sword which had been presented to him by the State of Virginia. His top-boots were comparatively new, and seemed to have on them some ornamental stitching of red silk. Like his uniform, they were singularly clean and but little travel-stained. On the boots were handsome spurs, with large rowels. A felt hat, which in color matched pretty closely that of his uniform, and a pair of long buckskin gauntlets lay beside him on the table. We asked Colonel Marshall afterwards how it was that both he and his chief wore such fine toggery, and looked so much as if they had just turned out to go to church, while with us our outward garb scarcely rose to the dignity even of the 'shabby-genteel.' He enlightened us regarding the contrast, by explaining that when their headquarters wagon had been pressed so closely by our cavalry a few days before, and it was found they would have to destroy all their baggage except the clothes they carried on their backs, each one, naturally, selected the newest suit he had, and sought to propitiate the gods of destruction by a sacrifice of his second-best."

Thought He Had Slept a Long Time.

Some people don't know that there are two Egypts, but there are. One is on the other side of the Atlantic Ocean in Africa, and one on the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad. The English people have made everybody hear about the Egypt across the water, but the other Egypt has had nobody to do anything for it, and therefore is not widely known. On Monday a man started to Raleigh from Fayetteville, intending to change cars at Sanford. *En route* to the latter place he became sleepy and concluded to take a nap, but first told the conductor to wake him at Sanford. He was soon in "the arms of Morpheus," and at Sanford the conductor shook him and told him to get up—he had got there. "All right," he muttered; "I'm goin' gi' up; I allers get there." With this he shifted his position, and resumed snoring. The train sped on, but over the wrong road for the traveler. The conductor came through, and saw his man still sweetly sleeping. He shook him again, and told him he was almost to Egypt. The man bounded up, and looked wildly around. "Egypt! Egypt!" he exclaimed; "why, good guns, Captain! how long have I been asleep? I didn't know this blamed train went out of the United States! My folks will be scared to death! How much will it cost to get back? Oh! my Lord!" and he kept up a rattling fire of exclamations until he was informed of his error, after which he became easier; and, though carried over seventy miles out of his way, he never said another word about "getting there."

NORTH CAROLINA ABROAD.

The Engineer of the Lee Monument.

[Richmond Dispatch.]

Mr. C. P. E. Burgwyn, who is the engineer employed by the Lee Monument Association, was born in 1852, in Northampton county, N. C. He is the son of the late Colonel Henry King and Anna Greenough Burgwyn, and first came to this city with his parents in 1866. For two years he was a pupil in the University School of this city, which was founded and at that time conducted by the late J. M. Strother and Professor Thomas R. Price, now of Columbia College, New York. He entered Harvard College, Mass., in 1869, and graduated there in 1873. He then entered the Engineering School of Harvard and graduated in 1875. His first work was at the astronomical observatory connected with the University of Cambridge on the inclined line method of determining latitude.

RETURN TO RICHMOND.

He returned of Richmond in 1877 and opened an engineer's office. Soon after establishing himself here in his profession the Hollywood Cemetery Company offered a prize of $300 for the best plan by which to lay off the new addition of thirty-five acres to the cemetery. Five or six prominent engineers and architects competed with Mr. Burgwyn for the prize, which was nevertheless awarded to him. Shortly after the great freshet of 1877 he rode over the line of the James-River and Kanawha canal for Franklin Stearns, Esq., and his associates, and his report of the condition of the route, the result of his survey on horseback, which was submitted to Colonel H. D. Whitcomb, was the commencement of the Richmond and Alleghany Railroad Company.

UNDER THE GOVERNMENT.

In 1878 Mr. Burgwyn was assistant engineer on the Government survey for inland water-route between Norfolk and Wilmington. In 1880 he was assistant engineer on the James-river improvement under Colonel H. D. Whitcomb, and in 1881, on the resignation of Colonel Whitcomb, he succeeded that officer as United States assistant engineer in local charge of the improvement. In 1885 when, owing to the failure of the appropriation by Congress, the funds for the James-River Improvement were exhausted, thus causing a suspension of the work, he entered the service of the city of Richmond as assistant engineer and shortly afterwards was made supervising architect of the new City Hall, which position he resigned when, by reason of another appropriation by Congress, the work on the James-river improvement was resumed.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

The great work of the improvement of James river being so intermittent on ac count of the failure of appropriations, Mr. Burgwyn has had sufficient leisure to serve as consulting engineer, in which capacity he laid out the new Catholic cemetery, "Calvary." He also designed and built the screw dock for the city of Richmond.

THE CUTTING OF THE CORNER STONE.

The following employees of the United custom house extension dressed the stone for the corner-stone of the Lee monument, with Mr. T. J. Smith in charge: J. K. Gibson, James Honan, C. A. Cole, T. R. Otey, C. A. Romer, W. F. Sinnott, George F. Smith, C. T. Hancock blacksmith, and John Ford driller. Two stones, one as a base with a 14″x14″x8″ cavity for the receptacle of the box, the other as a cover are 3′.9″x3′.9″x3 feet, and together weigh about three and a half tons. The stones were a *gift* of the Richmond Granite Company, and the hauling to the site will be done by Mr. Storrs.

The employees of the custom house who did this work performed it entirely in their spare time or after their day's labor at the custom house, and it is entirely a work of love.

Twins in a Barber Shop.

Stories of mistaken identity are plentiful enough, but they are also amusing, so that there is still excuse for telling them. A gentleman in this vicinity one morning recently went to a barber, and was shaved smoothly and tightly. Returning home, he found that during his absence his brother had arrived from California, unshaven and travel-stained. The new-comer was directed to the same barber shop, and thither he went. Seating himself in the big chair, he waited for the barber's services. That functionary, however, while regarding the visitor with surprise, made no sign of approaching him. For five minutes the traveler sat in silence, and then, his patience being exhausted, he inquired with some asperity:

"What the deuce are you waiting for? Can't a man get shaved in this shop?"

"What's the joke?" responded the barber; "I've just shaved you."

"Much you did!" retorted the customer; "look at my face!"

The barber looked with astonishment at the stiff, black beard of a week's growth, felt of it to assure himself that his eyes were not deceiving him, and burst out at length:

"If you can raise a beard like that in twenty minutes, you'd better go into the mattress business, and use the beard off your own chin!"—*Boston Courier*.

The Fur did not Fly.

Nebraska State Journal.

"Mother." said the five year old demon just as Mrs Oldby was prepuring to leave home on a six week's visit, "what's become of the fur you used to wear last winter?

"Locked up Willie; why?"

"Say, has wings growed on it?"

"No; why do you ask such silly questions?"

"Cause I heard pop say this morning he would make fur fly while you are away."

The trunks were at once unpacked, and the look that came into Mrs. Oldboy's face made the clock strike thirty four.

Col. Tom Ochiltree was requested by an educational journal to fill out a list of "Books That Have Helped Me." His list was confined to Hoyle,s Games and Shenck on Poker.

STATE NEWS.

Mr. Arthur Winslow, city engineer of Raleigh & Durham, has been appointed assistant geologist of Arkansas. His special work will be the examination of the coal fields. He has done good work in this State.

A very remarkable piece of information concerning the mining interests of North Carolina was gathered yesterday from the highest authority. In the past ninety days no less than $2,000,000 has been capitalized in three gold mines—$1,000,000 in one, $600,000 in another, and $400,000 in a third. There is another very large investment about to be made in this direction. The mining interests, both gold and iron, are looking up.—*Chronicle*.

An old darkey, who lives not a thousand miles from Winston, and who was engaged in the ministry last year, has given up his profession and is now dealing in ardent spirits. The reason of his change he gives as follows: "When I preached, I neber got more dan 15 cents 'er day, while now I makes from two to three dollars for de same occupi'd time. Dere's de biggest kin' of er difference in dem figures you konw, and you knows fudder dat dem dollars am what folks is arter dese days.—*Winston Sentinel*.

The cotton receipts in this market are now fully equal, we should suppose, to the whole of last season. Taking Messrs. O. C. Norment & Co. as a criterion: They only wanted 18 bales last Satupday night to make their report equal to the whole of last season. We suppose the other houses are in about the same proportion, so that we feel no hesitation in saying that quite as much cotton has been sold here so far this season as was the whole of last season, while we do not think that more than two-thirds of the crop has been sold. This is a good showing, and our people have money on hand.—*Robesonian*.

Wormy Cotton.

[Eastern Reflecton.]

Mr. Fred Cox tells us some cotton was carried to his gin last week, and upon examination the lint was found to contain quantities of small, black worms about an inch in length. They appeared to be eating the lint. Who has seen any wormy cotton before?

A Young Lady Accidently Killed.

[Charlotte Chronicle.]

A very sad accident occurred four miles south of Laurinburg last Monday afternoon. Miss Flora Jones and her father, Mr. Sam Jones, had been to that town shopping and while returning to tneir home late in the afternoon, their horse ran away, throwing them out. Miss Jones became entangled in the wheels of the vehicle and received injuries from which she died two hours later. Miss Jones was an estimable young lady and her untimely death is a severe shock to her many friends.

Bears in Bruswick.

[Wilmington Star.]

Bears must have been plentiful in the Shallotte section of Bruswick county this season.

A correspondent of the *Star*, writing from Shallotte, under the date of the 24th instant, gives a brief account of the achievements of some of the members of the Edwards family, noted for generations past as great hunters, and their neighbors. Not long since Mr. N. H. Edwards found that his hogs had been disturbed by a bear and he and his neighbors went out for a drive, and soon killed a very large one. Not many days after, Mr. A. R. Edwards went out and succeeded in killing another full grown bear. His party saw signs of other bears and went to work and built a trap. The bears still continuing their depredations on the hogs, a company of men went out and after a short drive got on bruin's track, and continuing their hunt, killed one and caught two bears in the trap—making five in all killed in that section so far this season.

Lawless Men.

Quite a number of illicit stills have been captured and destroyed this year in the north eastern corner of Hadley township, and their owners have become so exasperated that they are making threats against certain citizens of that section, whom they accuse of having informed against them. We are reliably informed that, one night last week, a band of a dozen of these illicit stillers disguised themselves and were on their way to lynch a good citizen of that neighborhood (whom they accused of informing against them) when they were dissuaded from their purpose by a prominent citizen who saw them. It is said that there is an organized band of these lawless men, and, through fear of them and in consequence of their threats, some of the best citizens of that community hide out at night. Truly is this not a disgraceful state of affairs in a civilized country! We would here urge these misguided men to seek some honest employment, and would also warn them that if they should put any of their threats into execution they would be severely punished. All good citizens should denounce such lawlessness, and will, we doubt not, be ready to join in the detection and punishment of any such criminals.—*Chatham Record*.

The Little Rock *Gazette* says:

To fill the vacancy caused by Dr. Comstock's resignation, the State Geologist has sought a professional geologist of high standing and experience, and one who has given especial attention to the geology of coal. Out of a large number of coal geologists who have been recommended to Dr. Branner, the choice has fallen upon Mr. Arthur Winslow, a geologist and mining engineer of Raleigh, North Carolina, who, to judge from his recommendations and experience, is eminently fitted to report upon the coal regions of the State. Dr. Branner appointed Mr. Winslow his assistant geologist, the appointment has been approved by the Governor and the appointee will report at this city Nov. 1.

The man who rails against railroads and says the country would be better off without them, makes the biggest kind of a fuss when the train he wants to take is five minutes late.

The New York *World* has now a daily circulation of over 300,000. It leads all others.

Coming Events Cast Their Shadows Before.

What thoughtful man or woman who feels that interest born of love and patriotism in the future of our dear old country that does not watch with eager interest the complexion that is daily gathering upon the face of politics, and follow step by step the outlines of movements which affect its welfare.

We live in an age of progress; human effort is being concentrated to this end. But is there a doubt in the minds of any that "the love of country," that patriotic impulse which stirred the hearts of our forefathers to watchfulness and action, has little hold upon the hearts of the party leaders of modern times? Human nature supplies an element, though it may be forced into the background for a time by better and worthier impulses, which is asserting itself with renewed power, and fastening its iron grasp upon the hearts of our people. It has, we may say, a universal recognition. What influence it is wielding in shaping the polities of to-day, you shall decide. "*The love of power*" incites the pulses of our people of to-day to no unusual degree, and the all-absorbing theme is how to grasp it, and there stands before their vision the key to the problem, clothed in letters of fire—"*Money*."

Who does not pay homage to this ruling monarch? The old farmer from the rural districts, who, thongh illiterate as it may appear that he was, fully realized his position, when his lips obeyed the dictates of a heart flushed with victory, and in a voice rendered savage in sound from the severe strains of years of struggle and strife, exclaimed in joyous triumph, "Money am power, and I are got it!"

Money is the lever power that controls the commerce of our country. "Wall Street," backed by millions of money is one evidence of its power in one direction. The mercantile system, which has for so long been riding in the lap of King Credit, is fast being converted to one of *Cash*.

Andrew Jackson, in his reply to the committee who besieged him with the gloomy predictions that the people of the country who did business on borrowed capital must break if the Government withdrew its moneys from the U. S. Bank, as he leisurely knocked the ashes from his pipe, remarked that "those who did business on borrowed capital ought to break." So say we. The Racket Store has taken the inititiatory step toward the cash system. All movements in *this* direction should be encouraged and cherished by a liberty-loving people. It is another undeniable evidence of the power of money (used in the proper way.) The almighty dollars! It will not be long before cash will usurp the place of credit, but until it becomes general the Racket Store will reap the harvest of bargains which, while out of the reach of credit, the almighty dollar secures; and for any further proof of the power of money, come to the Racket Store.

Belting! Belting!

Rubber Belting of all sizes.
Lacing Leather for Belts.

POWDER!

In kegs, half-kegs and quarter-kegs, delivered promptly from magazine at lowest market price.

A full line of

Hardware and Groceries

Always on hand.

CHARLES HAIGH,

oct 6 tf NO. 22 HAY STREET.

Valuable Store for Sale.

On Wednesday, November 2, 1887, at 12 o'clock M., I will offer for sale, at Public Auction, at the Market House, in the town of Fayetteville, N. C., the STORE now occupied by M. Sundle, Esq., in what is known as "The Robinson Block," on the north side of Person street, six doors east of Market Square.

Terms of sale: One-half cash; notes for balance in equal amounts, payable four and eight months from date, bearing interest at 8 per cent. Title reserved until the whole of purchase money is paid.

JNO. H. ROBINSON, Agent.
CHAS. GLOVER, Auctioneer. oct 6 ts

WANTED.

100,000 Bottles of all kinds and desciptions.

Old Books, Pamphlets, Papers, &c.

By MAX SCHLOSSBERG.
oct 6 tf

—AT—

T. W. BROADFOOT & CO'S DRUG STORE

You will find THE NICEST LINES of

EXTRACTS

Tooth and Hair Brushes

On the market.

FRESH DRUGS

And all the Patent Medicines of the Day

ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞They have just received a supply of WHITE ONION SETS, which they offer at lowest price.

T. W. BROADFOOT & CO.
oct 6 tf

Sale of Land under Decree of Court.

W. P. Boggs to use J. J. McFaddin
vs.
Stephen McNeill and wife Luey.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, rendered in my favor in the case of W. P. Boggs to use J. J. McFaddin against Stephen McNeill and wife, I will, on Monday, November 14, 1887, at 12, o'clock, at the Court House door, in Fayetteville, expose for sale, by public auction, FOR CASH, a tract of land on Duncan's creek in said county, containing about 56 8-10 acres, bounded as in a mortgage given by said Stephen McNeill and wife, as registered in Book D. 4, page 541.

J. J. McFADDIN, Plaintiff.
oct 13 4t

OBSERVER.

G. H. HAIGH, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY.....NOVEMBER 3, 1887.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

The President has by proclamation appointed Thursday, November 24th, as a day of general thanksgiving throughout the United States—and if ever a people had cause to be thankful for the blessings vouchsafed, surely we have. This has been a year in which we have been peculiarly blessed. There have been no droughts, no terrible disease to scourge the land, and the business of the year has been good. Crops, while perhaps not meeting the general expectation, or rather equal to what was expected, have nevertheless been good, and North Carolina has abundant reasons to thank God that she has done better than usual. The country is improving, the valuation of its property has increased, all is well, and "it is meet and right and our bounden duty" to give one day to Him who has in His mercy vouchsafed to us so many and great blessings, which, in truth, are given us without our deserving. If we ask ourselves, What have we done to merit the blessings so freely bestowed? we would hang our heads in shame for the few, small hours and the fleeting thoughts that we have given to Him, the Giver of all good. Let us, therefore, on this day, set apart by our President, give Him our thoughts; let us throw aside all business and business cares, and with thankful hearts offer to Him our praise for the blessings bestowed.

Especially let us remember the poor and orphan, and of our little give to them cheerfully.

The past week has witnessed a wonderful spectacle, a noble act of noble people, doing honor to the chieftain of the Southern Confederacy at Macon, and at the same time the gathering together of the people at Richmond to pay tribute to the memory of their beloved Lee, by erecting to his glorious memory a statue to perpetuate his noble deeds, honoring by their acts the living and the dead.

A few years ago if these things had been done, a cry of "treason" would have been heard throughout the North. But now, and because we have elected a Democratic President, who has thus enabled us to prove that we of this section are the most loyal to the Union, it is looked upon as a brave act of noble people, who love to honor in man all that is good, that is true, that is brave. No people value principle and devotion to principle more than those of our Southern land, and those formerly our enemies are beginning to see us in our true light, and will honor us the more for boldly showing it. They may learn us lessons in progress, but we can teach them more honorable things.

Hon. Jefferson Davis, mighty in peace and in war, received—as he deserves—a splendid ovation at Macon, Ga. We hope that he may accept the invitation to South Carolina, that his last days may be comforted with the knowledge that he is dearly beloved by his people for whom he has sacrificed so much. He is worthy of the love of his countrymen.

Mementoes are all the rage these days, and so an ardent South Carolinian chipped off a piece of the President's car to remember him by, but his indiscretion cost him five dollars. It was a foolish act, but he doubtless would not take a V for the little piece of wood. It showed no insult—rather the reverse.

A correspondent of the Raleigh *News and Observer* suggests Col. Harry Skinner, of Pitt, for chairman of the Democratic State executive committee. The *News and Observer* knows no reason why R. H. Battle, Esq., of Raleigh, the present chairman should not be re-elected, and thinks he will be.

Why not? Mr. Battle has been faithful, and we rather think that the office is no sinecure.

The A. & N. C. R. R. is, for the present, out of the way; but if it was not, it need not effect the extension to Wilmington. It will be a source of immense benefit to her, and give us a North Carolina system—the very thing we all ought to desire.

The Colored Industrial Association has been compelled to make an assignment. We regret this, for we have looked upon this institution as a great incentive and benefit to the colored race.

The Greensboro *Patriot*, a staunch old Democratic organ, true to the backbone, celebrated its sixty-fifth anniversary last week. May it live long to do battle for the good cause.

Judge Bond's encroachments upon the rights of the State of Virginia have helped the Democratic party in that State, and the result will be a Democratic victory.

Shot On the Run.

A Raleigh special to the Wilmington *Messenger* says: Last night a white man, Obed Maready, alias Owen Manning, the desperate South Carolina white man, who is a convict here, was shot and fatally injured. Manning "hid out last Monday, and for three days the prison enclosure has been searched night and day for him. Last night he was found concealed in the new, incomplete building which stands in front of the main building. When he was discovered he ran. He was fired at with buckshot and riddled, yet managed to get to the stockade in front, put a ladder against it (which he had in readiness) and went over it like a squirrel. This put him on the railway track. He ran along the track of the Raleigh & Augusta railway, when a guard saw him and shot him in the stomach with a Winchester rifle, distance 125 yards. At 1 o'clock this afternoon he died. He has relatives in South Carolina. His age was about thirty years.

THE SYNOD OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Proceedings of the Seventy-Fourth Annual Session.

[Reported for the Observer.]

The seventy-fourth session of the Synod of North Carolina adjourned on Saturday night, to meet in Goldsboro October 24th, 1888. The following vote of thanks was passed: The thanks of the Synod are most heartily tendered to the pastor and people of the Presbyterian Church, and to the members of other communions in Fayetteville, for their elegant, generous and cordial entertainment of its members during their stay here; to the officers of the Methodist and Baptist Churches of both races for the tender of their respective pulpits for use by its ministers on the Sabbath; and to the various railroad and steamboat companies for the privilege of reduced rates of travel on their lines.

Rev. M. H. Houston, D. D., Secretary of Committee of Foreign Missions, was present, and made an eloquent address, full of instruction and encouragement.

Rev. J. B. Mack, D. D., Agent of Davidson College, also addressed a large crowd in the interests of his work.

Rev. T. H. Law, District Superintendent of the American Bible Society, laid the stupendous work of that body impressively before the Synod.

Reports were submitted by the agents of the various departments of christian work engaged in by the Synod and by the Directors of Union Theological Seminary, Va. On the whole, encouraging progress was reported.

Col. Robt. Bingham made a most interesting "talk" in the interests of Sabbath School work on "Lesson Helps, and the Teacher's Need to Use Them." It was most practical, and was thoroughly enjoyed by all who heard it.

A complaint against Wilmington Presbytery in licensing Mr. W. P. King to preach seemed the most important item of business before the Synod. While eliciting much animated discussion, there was no bitterness. The Synod did not sustain the complaint. Many think that the Synod thus records its opinion that any man who shows ability to preach, and is of good moral character, whether he knows Latin, Greek and Hebrew or not, should be licensed to preach whenever he applies.

The complaint against the action of Mecklenburg Presbytery was withdrawn by agreement.

Two overtures in regard to licensure were referred to a special committee to report to the next meeting of Synod.

The weather was very inclement during the whole meeting, the sun not appearing at all. One venerable minister said that it was the pleasantest Synod he had attended in fifteen years. Every host thought he had the pleasantest guests, and every guest was sure he had the most delightful host. Hearts were gay and glad, tho' it rained hard and the wind blew cold. Fayetteville sustained its wide reputation for unbounded hospitality.

On the Sabbath the pulpits of the Methodist, Baptist and Presbyterian churches, and of the colored Methodist churches, were filled by Presbyterian ministers. The sermons were learned and most eloquent. Sabbath afternoon, at 4 o'clock, a mass meeting of the children of the Methodist, Baptist and Presbyterian Sabbath Schools was held in the Presbyterian church, and Mr. J. D. K. Sleight, Business Agent of the Committee of Publication of the Southern General Assembly, made a most felicitous speech to the children. The music, lead by Mr. G. P. McNeill, was excellent.

Long may an influence for good be felt from this Synod.

Mr. Thurman's Farewell.

In closing his speech at Kenton, Ohio, Saturday last, ex-Senator Allen G. Thurman said: "My friends, this is probably the last political speech I ever shall make. I don't know. I am a pretty tough old fellow, and it may be that I will be wandering about here like a ghost on the bank of Styx ten years from now talking democracy to you. I swear you will never hear me talking anything else. But I am inclined to think that this is the last political speech I ever shall make. And if it is, in my parting words to you I beseech you to stand by the great principles that Thomas Jefferson laid down for the American people, that Andrew Jackson enforced, and that have made this country one of the greatest and freest and most lovable countries upon which the sun of God shines to-day. Be thankful that you have a government, and never forget that, when you come to sift it down, to analyze it, to to boil it, you will find that every principle that has contributed to your happiness is a principle of the democratic party."

Did ever words show a more honest conviction of duty? There is no self in this—it is the outpouring of the patriotic spirit of one who believes that our country is what it is because it is governed by true Democratic principles. These are words, uttered, as it were, by a dying man, asking us to be faithful. He has through many a combat used both body and mind in the glorious cause of Democracy. The very name of Allen G. Thurman, the noble old Roman, sounds good in our ears. He is the truest type of Democracy; faithfully has he labored, and now he is almost the last of a noble set whom the Democracy looked to to be faithful to the last. The South loves him, for he is the truest type of a true American citizen.

To the Members of the Various Churches in Fayetteville, and Other Friends.

Dear Brethren and Friends:

The pastor, officers and members of the Presbyterian Church thank you most cordially for your generous aid in the entertainment of the Synod, and pray that the blessing of the Most High may rest on you all.

Most faithfully,
REV. H. L. PHILLIPS,
Pastor.

Wheat in Cumberland.

[For the Observer.]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 2, 1887.

MR. EDITOR:—I have been requested by several parties interested, to tell what I know about growing wheat in this county; and, as I never write long articles for publication, I shall not depart from the rule in this instance.

Cumberland county contains much land as good for wheat as any in the State, or, perhaps, Illinois, and our climate is less liable to a visitation of wheat vermin, such as the chinch-bug, hessian-fly and other destroying agencies than the lands and climate of Middle and Western North Carolina.

Wheat yields in North Carolina about $24 per acre; cotton, $17; oats, $8; corn, $9; tobacco, $56; potatoes, $60. These comprise the leading articles of production, and this county has lands that can challenge any section for the whole omnibus.

Twenty years ago we thought that cotton could not be grown upon our river lands. It was a mistake; we are now raising 25,000 bales annually. Ten years ago wheat was entirely ignored from our soil, and we are now raising thousands of bushels.

Should any farmer seek information as to the product of this county, I ask him to talk with Mr. James Thames, Vice President of the Fair, who can be seen at the Fair Grounds next week. Mr. Thames is as good a farmer as Vespasian was, and is next to "Isis" on wheat. M.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Proclamation by the President.

The goodness and mercy of God, which has followed the American people during all the days of the past year, claim their grateful recognition and humble acknowledgment. By His omnipotent power He has protected us from war and pestilence and from every national calamity. By His gracious favor the earth has given a generous return to the labor of the husbandman, and every path of honest toil has led to comfort and contentment. By His loving kindness the hearts of our people have been replenished with fraternal sentiment and patriotic endeavor, and by His unerring guidance we have been directed in the way of national prosperity.

To the end that we may with one accord testify our gratitude for all these blessings, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 24th day of November next, as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer, to be observed by all the people of the land.

On that day let all secular work and employment be suspended, and let our people assemble in their accustomed places of worship, and with prayer and songs of praise give thanks to our Heavenly Father for all that He has done for us, while we humbly implore the forgiveness of our sins and the continuance of His mercy. Let families and kindred be required to attend worship on that day, and let their hearts, filled with kindly cheer and affectionate remiuiscence, be turned in thankfulness to the source of all their pleasures and the Giver of all that makes the day glad and joyous; and in the midst of our worship and our happiness, let us remember the poor, the needy and the unfortunate, and by our gifts of charity and ready benevolence let us increase the number of those who, with grateful hearts, shall join in our thanksgiving.

In witness whereof I have set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed.

Done at our city of Washington, this, the 25th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1887, and of the Independence of the United States the 112th.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the President:
THOMAS F. BAYARD, Sec'y of State.

Col. A. M. Waddell's Address at Richmond.

The Wilmington *Messenger*, in its Sunday edition, published this admirable address in full, and good reading it is. The Richmond *Dispatch*, in giving its report of the proceedings of the Association of Veterans of the Army of Northern Virginia, gives the following brief synopsis:

General Taliaferro, in fitting phrase, introduced the orator of the evening:

Colonel Waddell was warmly recieved by the association and the crowd, and was loudly applauded. With graceful and eloquent allusion to the memories of the occasion and some very fine satire on the changes in the opinions held by certain so-called statesmen of the present, Colonel Waddell quoted from Colonel Charles Marshall's speech before the association some years ago as the very great difficulty of giving accurately historic facts. Among other illustrations of this Colonel Waddell cited the mistakes that had been made in the accounts of Pettigrew's division at Gettysburg. He eloquently insisted, amid the loud applause of the audience, that while he would not detract from the honor that justly belongs to Pickett's division, yet it was due to Pettigrew's division of North Carolinians and Archer's Tennessee brigade to say that on that last day at Gettysburg the went as far and stayed as long as any other troops, and are entitled to equal honor with Pickett's men. He appropriately introduced as his theme "The Last Year of the War in North Carolina." He gave a very vivid account of the capture of Plymouth, which seemed to be of great interest. He then proceeded to an account of the bombardment and final capture of Fort Fisher. He also gave a very amusing account of Butler's powder-ship and its explosion, and told an anecdote given him by Admiral Porter, which brought down the house in rapturous applause. His description of the final assault and capture of Fort Fisher and the gallant defense of the heroic garrison was very fine. Colonel Waddell next spoke of the taking of command by Gen. Johnston, and the ability with which he conducted his operations, and was loudly applauded. He also paid a tribute to General Hampton's operations, which elicted like applause. His contrast between the conduct of Cornwallis' army in their march through North Carolina in the first Revolution and the infamous conduct of Sherman's bummers was very striking. Colonel Waddell complimented General Taliaferro on his splendid fight at Aversboro', and then gave a very interesting accounnt of the Confederate victory at Bentonville. He described the final catastrophe, and closed with an eloquent tribute to Virginia and to Lee, which was loudly applauded. Col. Waddell enlivened his speech with keen wit, humor well-told anecdotes, which brought down the house in applause. The whole speech was an admirable one.

Points for Cotton Men.

The following rules of inspection went into effect at the New York Cotton Exchange on October 24th as a result of the unanimous action of the board of managers: Rule 25. For the government of the classification committee and the appeal committee on classification in dressing inspected cotton for classification.

Full grades are fair, middling fair, good middling, middling, low middling and good ordinary.

Half grades are those designated by the term "strict."

Quarter grades are those designated by the word "barely," indicating the mean point between the half grade and the next full grade above, and "fully" indicating the mean point between the half grade and and the next full grade below.

Stained cotton—In dressing stained cotton the same subdivision of grades into "full," "strict," "barely," and "fully" is to be followed as in white cotton. and for grades of stained or tinged better than "middling stained," "the term "strict middling stained" may be used, indicating the main point between "strict middling stained" and "middling stained."

The following amendment to the warehouse and delivery committee rules also went into effect on October 24th:

SECTION 58. Amended by inserting the following paragraph between the first and second paragraphs of the rule:

"The warehouse and delivery committee shall have general supervision and direction of the inspection bureau, subject to the board of managers, and shall decide all questions of detail that may arise in the certification and inspection of cotton and report to the board of managers at each regular meetihg.

The Baltimore Municipal Election.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 26—Considering the exciting campaign preceeding it, to-day's election for Mayor passed off with unusual quietness. There were a few disturbances of small importance, and one fatal shooting affray, in which Edward Allers, an independent Democrat shot and killed Edward Darley, one of the regulars. Allers' friends claim that the shooting was accidental, but he was placed under arrest and will be charged with murder.

The poll aggregated 65,076, of which Latrobe, Dem., got 34,640, and Barlett, Rep., 30,435, giving Latrobe a majority of 4,205—a Democratic gain of nearly 2,000 since the electon for Mayor two years ago.

The newly elected city council will consist of twelve Democrats eight Republicans in the first branch, and seven Democrats and three Republicans in the second branch.

The result of the election was a great surprise to the Republicans, who counted largely upon the reformers' aid, and were confident of victory. Already cris of fraud are heard, and renewed efforts will be made to carry the State at the gubernatorial election two weeks hence.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Housekeepers' Friends

ARE THOSE WHO SAVE THEM LABOR AND CARE.

We are continually striving to offer on this market the most reliable goods that can be had. Much time has been spent in the past two weeks in selecting wholesome and toothsome articles from the Northern markets. We have visited the markets of the world, and endeavored to purchase such goods as were entirely reliable, and we now extend

A CORDIAL INVITATION

To All to Call and Examine Our Stock.

We shall take especial pleasure in showing the Ladies what we have on hand. We endeavor to keep a store where they can come without fear of soiling silks or satins.

We call your attention to the following new goods, and ask a trial of them.

WE GUARANTEE THEIR QUALITY, ALSO SATISFACTION.

Martha Washington Buttered Flour, Martha Washington Rolled Oats, Martha Washington Magic Flour, Finest Jams in glass, Graham Flour, Pine Apple Cheese, Sapsago Cheese, Fine Chedar Cheese, Finest Cream Cheese, Finest Gilt Edge Butter, Finest Sour Mixed Pickles in bulk, Finest Sweet Mixed Pickles in bulk, Finest Chow Chow in bulk, Pickling Spices in ¼ lb. packages, Orange Cider, California Fruits in glass, Queen Olives in jars.

We cannot mention all the nice things; in fact, only a few. Call and see for yourselves. We will be glad to welcome you.

FRESH FISH AND OYSTERS.

We will furnish *to our* customers promptly.

We have just received an extra lot of FANCY CANDY. Some Cream Chocolate that is as nice as we ever tasted.

Our stock of HARDWARE is large, and, we think we can safely say, bought as low as any stock in Fayetteville. We will give you bottom prices. Numerous Household Articles.

A. S. HUSKE & CO.

P.R.R.

MESSRS. PEMBERTON & PRIOR:

SIRS:—I am pleased to say that PRIOR'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY has proven a most beneficial one with me. Having been subject to attacks of Rheumatism for several years, I have tried several remedies, but none did me the good that this remedy has. I feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers from this painful trouble.

Respectfully,
SAMUEL WIDDIFIELD.
Fayetteville, N. C., July 7, 1887.

☞ Order of

PEMBERTON & PRIOR, Druggists,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

P.R.R.

DON'T

let that cold of yours run on. You think it is a light thing. But it may run into catarrh. Or into pneumonia. Or consumption.

Catarrh is disgusting. Pneumonia is dangerous. Consumption is death itself.

The breathing apparatus must be kept healthy and clear of all obstructions and offensive matter. Otherwise there is trouble ahead.

All the diseases of these parts, head, nose, throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, can be delightfully and entirely cured by the use of Boschee's German Syrup. If you don't know this already, thousands and thousands of people can tell you. They have been cured by it, and "know how it is themselves." Bottle only 75 cents. Ask any druggist.

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store as the giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free. Large size $1. Every bottle warranted.

Brace Up.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with headache, you are fidgetty, nervous, and generally out of sorts, and want to *brace* up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whiskey, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alterative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at B. E Sedberry's Drug Store.

Bucklen's rnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, Fayetteville, N. C.

A Trump Card.

Who that understands the difference between the two purchasing powers,

Credit and Cash Dollars,

doubts the arguments we bring forward in support of

OUR LOW PRICES?

Plenty there are who may assert that we are playing a game of "bluff," but they will find in the end that they have really "bluffed" themselves.

THE RACKET STORE

is making strong and warm friends daily; and why not? Are we not engaged in the laudable business of keeping prices within the bounds of reason and justice? Who can say the Racket Store has not benefited them in every way by selling them goods needed in our line at

THE LOWEST CASH FIGURES,

and by aiding them in securing the best terms in buying from other sources, by opening their eyes to the difference in the two systems, and pointing out to them the penalty paid in supporting a ruinous credit system. The Racket also has enemies, but who are they? And why? Aha! But while energy, vim and a live Cash system can plow the ranks of Credit's hosts, the people need not fear.

Our Stock of Shoes

comprises many styles. Bought for Cash, direct from the faetory—knocking out the middle-men, enables us to offer you a line of Shoes that will save you not less than 15 per cent. They are all warranted to give satisfaction. Our experience teaches us that it is better to lose the sale of a Shoe than to sell it knowing it cannot give the satisfaction desired. Consequently, nothing but SOLID LEATHER Shoes will be found.

We have Women's Lace Shoes, Solid Leather Bottoms, which are going fast at $1.10. This is the lowest figure that has yet reached you for this Shoe. **$1.10.**

We have Wardwell's Hand-Sewed Congress Gaiters at $2.67. Don't you realize that this is a low figure for first-class hand-sewed goods, and a great deal below any other Shoe on the market. **$2.67.**

We hear it frequently said that we sell "little tricks" very reasonable, but Shoes and other things were about as high as usual. Those who feel this way display poor judgment when they pass it upon such articles as we name.

16-ribbed Heavy Umbrellas, **85c.**

The N. Y. Mills Unlaundried Shirt, with Linen Bosom and made in the best style, **65c.**

Heavy knotted-fringe Linen Towels, **25c.**

Suspenders from **10c.** up, that are worth double the money.

All-Wool Jerseys at **$1.00** and **$1.54**, that could not be bought elsewhere for double the amt. **$1, $1.54.**

Ladies' Button Shoes at **$1.31**, that every merchant sells at $1.50.

Boys' and Men's Hats at **20 per cent.** less than current prices.

☞ These and hundreds of others are the "little tricks" we sell so cheap, and when you look for the others that we don't sell so cheap you must go to the long-time merchants. We ask you again to WAKE UP, and see whither you are drifting.

PATENTS,

Caveats, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office or before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.

Upon receipt of MODEL OR SKETCH *of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability* FREE OF CHARGE.

FEES MODERATE, and I make NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED. Information, advice and special references sent on application.

J. R. LITTELL, Washington, D. C.
Opp. U. S. Patent Office. oct 27 tf

ALEX. MCNEILL. JAS. H. MCNEILL.

A. McNEILL & SON,

GODWIN'S, N. C.,

Manufacturers of Naval Stores

AND DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

oct 27 6m

Merchant Mills Prices.

Until further notice, the following prices will speak for themselves. Should grain decline I'll "keep up with the procession."

THE BEST FAMILY FLOUR,	$6.00
EXTRA NICE FAMILY FLOUR,	5.50
EXTRA NICE BREAD MEAL, (NEW CROP),	.65
WHITE CORN,	.68
MIXED CORN,	.65
SEED WHEAT,	1.25
STOCK MEAL—CORN, PEAS, OATS,	.65
STOCK MEAL—CRACKED CORN AND OATS,	.60

Especial attention is called to my specialty—first-class Feed for Horses and Milch Cows—Corn, Peas and Oats ground together. One trial will convince anyone of its merits.

Respectfully,
JAS. D. McNEILL.

LAND SALE!

By virtue of a license issuing from the Superior Court of Harnett county, N. C., I will, on the 29th day of November, 1887, at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m., at the Court House in Lillington, sell at public auction a number of lots of land as the property of Mrs. F. Isabella Murchison, deceased, for the purpose of making real estate assets.

Correspondence and interviews respecting said land invited.

J. E. BRYAN, Adm'r
of J. F. Murchison.

This, 15th day of Sept., 1887. s 29 ts

$25 REWARD!

LOST!

Lady's Gold Watch, Double Case, Black Enameled, with plain centre with the name "Fannie" engraved upon it; also, a Fob Chain, Gold-mounted, with Keystone Locket.

The above reward will be paid to finder, and no questions asked, it left at this office. oct 20 tf

Dunn *Signboard*, Marlboro *Democrat* and Clinton *Caucasian* copy one time.

Hotel LaFayette

—WILL BE OPEN—

MONDAY, the 7th Inst.,

FOR THE RECEPTION OF ITS PATRONS.

Terms Moderate,

And made known to applicants.

PHIL. WRIGHT,
PROPRIETOR.

nov. 3-tf

R. M. NIMOCKS,

HAY STREET,

CALLS THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, PLANTERS AND TURPENTINE MEN TO HIS LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and DISTILLERS SUPPLIES

COTTON and NAVAL STORES

WILL BE PURCHASED OR TAKEN ON CONSIGNMENT.

Guanos of all kinds constantly on hand.

Bagging, Ties, Molasses Sugar, &c.,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Remember the Sign in Gilt,

NIMOCKS.

nov 3 tf

WINBURN'S

Photograph Gallery

IS THE PLACE TO VISIT WHEN YOU COME TO FAYETTEVILLE.

Instantaneous Photographs

TAKEN AT ANY TIME.

Everybody says that he is a success, and the large number of likenesses of citizens, old and young, verify it. Now, if you wish a perfect likeness of your Father or Mother, Sister or Sweetheart, go to

WINBURN'S,

OVER A. E. RANKIN & CO.'S STORE.

nov 3 2t

READ THIS!

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Are Acknowledged LEADERS in Their Line!

They buy in CAR LOAD Lots, from first hands, for Spot Cash, thereby getting the very lowest rates of freight and every possible discount.

They call the attention of country merchants who buy in less than car load lots to this fact. They can make it greatly to your advantage to buy of them. In seasonable goods they offer

A CAR LOAD RED RUST-PROOF OATS,

A CAR LOAD WESTERN MIXED OATS,

A CAR LOAD SHIP STUFF,

A CAR LOAD **Rock Lime,**

THREE CAR LOADS MICHIGAN FLOUR—

THE BEST FLOUR ever brought to Fayetteville for the Money they ask for it.

☞ IT WILL PAY YOU TO TRY IT!

oct 20 tf

Pocket Knives.

You can get a well-made, good metal Pocket Knife at McNeill & Co's | You can get a well-made, good metal Pocket Knife at McNeill & Co's. | You can get a well-made, good metal Pocket Knife at McNeill & Co's.

For 25 Cents. | For 25 Cents. | For 25 Cents.

2-Bladed Knives, 25c.

3-Bladed Knives, 25c.

4-Bladed Knives, 25c.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

Millinery and Fancy Goods.

MRS. DYE

Has just returned from the Northern cities, where she spent two weeks in selecting

The Latest and Most Desirable STYLES in

HATS, TIPS, PLUMES, HOSIERY,
BONNETS, VELVETS, GLOVES, CORSETS,
FANCY FEATHERS, SATINS, VEILS, LACES.

No. 17 Hay Street.

PATAPSCO 196 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C.A.GAMBRILL Mfg. Co. BALTIMORE.

—THE—

PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.

PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.

ESTABLISHED - - - 1774.

The value of FLOUR depends upon the ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF NUTRITION CONTAINED IN THE BREAD IT MAKES. Our **PATENT ROLLER FLOURS** are manufactured from the **CHOICEST WHEAT** obtainable. Baltimore stands pre-eminent in this country as a market for choice wheat, which gives us a great advantage in the selection of the **BEST THAT IS GROWN.** The **SUPERIOR COMBINATION OF GLUTEN AND PHOSPHATES** thus afforded, enables us to place on the market, Flour **UNEQUALLED FOR ITS PURITY AND NUTRITIOUS PROPERTIES.**

This fact is recognized not only in this country, but in the EUROPE as well, where the **"PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE"** COMMANDS DECIDEDLY MORE MONEY than any other American Flour. Ask your grocer for

Patapsco Superlative Patent, Patapsco Family Patent, Patapsco Extra,
North Point Family, Chesapeake Extra, Bedford Family.
Orange Grove Extra, Baldwin Family,

C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 214 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.

Represented by Mr. B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.

aug 19 6m

OBSERVER

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Greenstreet (Observer Building.)

THURSDAY.....NOVEMBER 31887.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year (in advance).....$2 00
Six months (in advance).....1 00
☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication.
Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. D. GASTER—Horses!
TARRANT'S—Seltzer Aperient!
W. N. TILLINGHAST—Crockery!
E. G. STYRON—Wheat Wanted!
GEO. A. THOMSON—Headquarters!
C. L. TAYLOR—Real Estate Agency!
A. MOORE—Old Cavendish Tobacco!
WINBURN—Instantaneous Photograph
W. J. BOONE & Co—Visitors to the Fr!
R. M. NIMOCKS—To Farmers, Planters &c!
P. WRIGHT—Opening of Hotel LaFayette!
MRS. R. W. THORNTON—Dinner at the Fair!
C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—Fair Excursion Rates!

TOWN AND COUNTY.

☞ If you owe for your subscription to the OBSERVER, send the money for receipt.

TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS.—We will furnish the FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER and *North Carolina Farmer* from this date for two dollars and twenty-five cents a year.

Trade was slight last week.

Leaves have their time to fall, and wood to rise.

There is again talk of building the C. A. & N. W. Railroad.

The watch advertised last week as lost has been recovered.

We understand that there will be some good racing at the Fair.

Thousands of bushels of peas have been injured by the continued rain.

No gambling will be permitted on the Fair Grounds; only *strictly moral* trupes allowed.

Mr. W. H. Tomlinson has been supplying his customers with fine mountain beef for the past week.

We regret to hear that our friend, S. F. Shaw, Esq., of Lillington, has lost his little daughter by diphtheria.

Freight on the C. F. & Y. V. Railway last week, notwithstanding the wether, was the heaviest of the season.

Parties who have articles to exhibit at the Fair are requested to have them on the grounds on Tuesday of Fair week.

The young men have made all thir arrangements for the tournament; Not who will be Queen of Love and Beauty?

Mr. Geo. W. Wheeler died suddenly at his home on Friday last. We suppos from what we can learn that it was heart disease.

The Methodist Sunday School buiding is being thoroughly repainted inside and out. Mr. E. J. Lilly is having the work done at his own expense.

We regret to hear that a large quantity of corn, which had been pulled and piled on the ground, has been out in all this bad weather. Much of it will be lost.

Mr. Marsden Haigh has given up hissituation as teacher in the Graded School, and has accepted a position under Mr. R. W. Ridgood, Auditor of the C. F. & Y. V.

Hereafter no change will be made in advertisements not handed in by Monday morning. And it would accommodate us to have all new advertisements by Tuesday.

The Cape Fear River is on a boom—higher than it has been since March, 1865, and is within a foot or two of that. We fear that the crops in the lowlands will be ruined.

Parties from here who attended the services incident to laying the corner-stone of the Lee Monument at Richmond, Va., returned Saturday evening. They all say that the weather was awful.

The weather last week was terrible—rain, rain, rain, from Monday until now, at this writing, Monday, Oct. 31st. It was especially bad for the members of the Synod, who had no opportunity of seeing the town.

The citizens of Siler City have decided to hold a Fair on the 1st and 2nd of December next. Siler City is on the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., and is one of the most progressive towns along the line between this place and Greensboro.

Mr. I. W. Durham, who was here a short time since, endeavoring to secure a place for a marble yard, writes us that his stock has been shipped from New York to this place, and that he will commence work here on November 15th.

There are a good many dwellings of two and four rooms being built around town. On the line of the Short-Cut, especially, will this be found to be the case. While all these help, we want dwellings right here in town—not costly, but suitable for small families.

Have you seen the new advertising sign at Messrs. Prior & Son's jewelry store? It is an attractive one. It tells the young folks that they have engagement and wedding rings, and the old folks that they have all kinds of spectacles and eye-glasses. The sign is worked by machinery.

Mr. J. T. Winburn, the photographist, has done himself much credit in taking the picture of the officers of the Independent Company. The likeness of the whole groupe is exceedingly fine. We understand that a book is to be issued, giving a history of the military companies who participated in the Centennial display, and that this groupe of the officers of the Independent Company will adorn its pages.

The publishers of "Southern Society and Drama," 92 and 94 Main Street, Norfolk, Va., desire a correspondent in this section to attend theatres and societiy meetings and forward reports of same. Credentials for admittance furnished. Address with stamped envelope.

The special committee appointed by the citizens of Wilmington in regard to the extension of the C. F. & Y. V. to that point, will meet in conference with a special committee of the C. F. & Y. V. in this town on November 9th. We are for its extension; we want our own ports built up.

The Methodist church, as we have before stated, has been decidedly improved inside. Now they are busily engaged placing in Gothic window-frames, and Mr. Monroe, the painter, is at work on the windows, which will all be stained, and will add much to the appearance of the church.

The English syndicate who have leased the coal fields near Walnut Cove, are making considerable developments which indicate a valuable discovery. The report made to the Commissioner of Agriculture is very satisfactory. The specialists think that they are sure of finding rich and valuable deposit.

Mr. Walter Watson, President of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society, requests us to notify all persons intending to form part of the mounted escort of Senator Vance to report to Chief Marshal C. L. Campbell in front of the Hotel LaFayette, promptly at 10 o'clock on Thursday morning next. All who can possibly participate are urged to do so.

The Walnut Cove and Pilot Mountain extension is beginning to tell. Last week Messrs. A. E. Rankin & Co. received in one shipment from that point twenty-nine crates of cabbage and barrels of apples. Low freights on this road (and we will have them), will make us independent of Northern cabbages, apples, butter, &c. We can raise in the State all we need.

Mr. John Black, of Raeford, brought into town last week a maul, which he cut from a holly tree. It is as natural as if made by hand. The handle is about 1½ inches in diameter and the maul nearly 12 inches. We suppose that the tree was diseased, but the wood is solid and of the hardest, the weight of the maul being about 15 lbs. It is a curious freak of nature.

The Scotch Fair will open about Wednesday. It is a curious assembly of men and horses, not of a strictly moral nature, but the scenes around it are equal to those described by Dickens, when the manager of *Jack in the Box* astonishes the bewildered crowd with, "Here's the sort o' game to make you laugh seven years arter you're dead, and turn ev'ry 'air on your 'ed gray with delight."

Next week is Fair week, and the weather permitting, we will have a capital show. From all we can gather, the spirit of the people has been aroused, and it will cause each and all to put their best foot foremost. To hear Senator Vance will be enough for many, but throughout the week, there will be, day after day, something to attract you. A fine troupe has been engaged, and the young men have perfected their arrangements for the dances, so that all, and especially the young, may have a good time. Come one, come all.

Mr. F. R. Rose has among his numerous letters of inquiry, etc., in regard to the Fayetteville Water Works, one which says that Mr. Burlingham, the gentleman who had the contract for putting in water works at Salisbury, N. C., will be here during Fair week to advise and consult with the citizens with regard to putting in works here. Water work bonds are considered by all insurance companies and others who deal in securities as among the safest investments, and we think that if a company can be formed here they will find no difficulty in getting the money to carry on the work.

We strolled through the Hotel LaFayette last week, to find a host of men and women busily engaged in putting on the finishing touches. The rooms of the third and fourth stories are all carpeted, and the bed-room furniture is in them, ready to be arranged. Carpets are all ready for the second floor, and are being put down. Messrs. J. G. Hall & Bro., of Newberne, have arranged the wires of the electric bells; the machine used is what is called the Electrical Drop-number. We also found Mr. H. Sheetz putting up the bedsteads and fixing the furniture. The whole house has a busy look, and all are doing their uttermost to finish it by the end of this week.

THAT OKRA COTTON.—A writer in the Dunn *Signboard* says that the Spears Baily Cotton, or Okra Cotton, is the Peterkin Cotton, which is really a cross of the long staple, or Sea Island, with the short staple. This is the cotton which has been so successfully cultivated by Messrs. W. H. Tomlinson and D. Jones, of this place.

PATRONIZE YOUR OWN PEOPLE.—A town cannot stand still. It must either go forward or backward, and this depends on its people. Among numerous other things that help to kill a town is the habit some of our citizens (merchants, too, we hear) have of buying elsewhere what they can get just as well at home, and at the same time asking your patronage in their special line. Let them consider what they are doing. Help your town, help those who are trying to help it, and thus benefit yourself. While in Mr. Allen's tobacco factory a few days ago, he told us that his sales of tobacco had been good, but that he could not induce the merchants here to patronize him. We know that a new brand of tobacco is hard to start, but it does appear that some one might have encourage home industries by patronizing him. Don't you think so?

SPECIAL TRAINS FOR THE FAIR.—Special trains will be run next week from Greensboro to Fayetteville on Thursday and Friday, arriving here at 10:30 A. M.

A special train will be run from Bennettsville on Thursday, arriving here about 11 P. M.

Special trains will also be run on the Short Cut, but we have not been informed as to the days or time. The rates on all will be about one cent per mile.

DEATH OF MRS. AGNES SANDFORD.—A telegram was received here yesterday, announcing the sudden death, at Durham, of this estimable lady. The remains arrived here last evening. Mrs. Sandford was the widow of the late Thomas Sandford, of Wilmington, and daughter of the late William Bell, the architect of the U. S. arsenal at this place. She was a good woman, a devoted member of the Episcopal Church, of gentle, sweet disposition, and was dearly loved by all who knew her. She needs no eulogy—her works do follow her.

TOKAY AGAIN TAKES THE MEDAL.—We are glad to hear, although it is nothing more than we expected, that the celebrated Tokay vineyard took every premium on wines and brandy, including the *gold medal*, at the recent State Fair. This makes the sixth gold medal which has been awarded to this celebrated vineyard. We congratulate Col. Wharton J. Green on receiving his merited awards, and are especially rejoiced to know that such merit has been bestowed on one of our largest home enterprises.

FAIRS.—The holding of fairs is becoming more and more popular. They have worked a great deal of good for the country. They are not only places where we can meet face to face and enjoy ourselves, but they show at a glance the strides in agriculture, in science and art, giving the people new ideas of the mechanical and other improvements. They are, as a writer says, panoramic views of the county or State in which they are held, are of great benefit to its material growth, and all should endeavor to do their best to promote their interest.

JESSICCA THOMAS TROUPE.—We mentioned last week that the Meyer-Thorne Company would play here Fair week. They had so agreed, but afterwards, for reasons best known to themselves, gave it up. Since then arrangements have been made with the Jessica Thomas Company, which will perform at Williams Hall on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday nights of Fair week. This Company has the highest recommendations of the press, and is said to be one of the finest troupes in the country. So the change of programme will be for the best.

OH, THE SNOW!—Never, within our recollection has snow been known to fall here in October until Monday last. At 2 o'clock, after a week and a day of the worst and longest continued rainy weather we had ever experienced, we were visited first with sleet and then with snow, which continued to fall thick and fast until 5:30 o'clock. The ground was covered in many places to the depth of 2½ to 3 inches, and this on wet ground. It is certainly the most remarkable spell of weather we have ever known. Tuesday the sun shone out for the first time in ten days. It was pleasant to see it once more.

HOTEL LAFAYETTE.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mr. P. Wright announces that the Hotel LaFayette will be ready for guests on Monday next, and it is proper that we should say right here that its attractive appearance is due to that skilled architect, Mr. H. Jackson, of Richmond, Va., and that under the superintendence of Mr. T. A. Kluttz every detail in the plans and specifications has been faithfully carried out, and the building to-day stands as a monument of their skill and labor. To the owners, Messrs. Thornton, Starr and Williams, the people of Fayetteville and the public generally owe a debt of gratitude for the public spirit shown in erecting such a building, and thus aiding in placing our town on the road of progress.

PROPOSED RAILROAD FROM CHARLOTTE TO SANFORD.—Mr. Sol Haas, the great railroad rate-fixer, has not only stirred up the merchants of Raleigh, and made them anxious for a connection with Fayetteville, but also the citizens of Charlotte. The *Chronicle* is now clamorous for railroad relief, and, among other proposed connections, it calls for a railroad from Charlotte to Sanford, to connect with the C. F. & Y. V. It says, this would be a most important road—would pass near Pioneer Mills, in Cabarrus, Big Lick and Albemarle, in Stanly, through Troy and Carthage, to Sanford—that it can be built and must be built.

We have no doubt that ere many years roll around Fayetteville will be a great railroad centre and one of the largest inland towns in the State. And we bid God speed to each and all of these proposed connections.

SUNDAY SERVICES.—The several churches were well filled last Sunday morning to hear some of the most eloquent and gifted of Presbyterian divines. At the Baptist in the morning the Rev. Mr. McLees preached an impressive sermon, and at night the Rev. S. M. Smith, a learned theologian, officiated in the same pulpit.

The Methodists, on account of the repairs in their church, worshipped in Williams Hall, and in the morning the house was filled to hear that eloquent and impressive speaker, Rev. Dr. J. Y. Fair. At night the Rev. Mr. Wharey preached in the Hall—Christ and Him crucified.

The Presbyterians listened in the morning to a learned discourse from that able minister, Rev. B. F. Marable. In the afternoon services were held for the Sunday Schools, invitations having been given to all the teachers and scholars, and they were highly entertained and instructed by Mr. J. D. K. Sleight, of Richmond, Va. At night a large congregation listened to the Rev. L. C. Vass, D. D.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, all the churches were well filled. It was a Sabbath of general interest to all.

HOPE MILLS.—This factory, situated on Little Rockfish, about seven miles south of Fayetteville, has of late, under the excellent management of Mr. S. H. Cotton, been doing a lucrative business, turning out some beautiful goods; and the present owners, Messrs. W. C. Houston & Co., of Philadelphia, are so much encouraged that they have determined to add considerably to the present building, and are now laying the foundation for an extension to the present factory 175x50 feet. This addition will make the entire length of the building 280 feet. They will have 175 looms and 5,800 spindles, the new looms they propose to put in being of the latest and most improved pattern, which will turn out more and better work at less cost. The present output of the mill is over 5,000 yards per day—mostly Cheviots and cottonades, which are much sought after.

Several years ago this factory was offered for sale, and the present owners, to whom it was mortgaged, were compelled to take it; they now consider it the best property they have. The junior member of the firm, Mr. W. C. Houston, is a thorough, go-ahead man; he is one of the principal directors in the Norfolk & Western R. R., and is particularly interested in the connection of the C. F. &. Y. V. R. R. with that line.

Personals.

Judge Avery was one of the lay delegates to the Synod, held here last week.

Mrs. DeBernier Hooper is visiting her relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Hooper, near Harrington Hill.

Dr. John P. Monroe represented Durham in the Presbyterian Synod. It was the pleasure of many of his old friends here to shake his hand.

Mr. W. Stebbins Prior, of the firm of W. Prior & Son, returned last week. He is one of those active men whose presence is for good in a town.

MARRIED.

MCARTHUR—CURRIE.—At McPherson's Church, near Fayetteville, Oct. 26th, 1887, Miss KATE L. MCARTHUR, eldest daughter of Mr. J. A. McArthur, to Mr. DUNCAN B. CURRIE. The bridal party went from the church to Mr. Currie's beautiful home, "Glendale," where an elegant reception was held. There were many beautiful and valuable presents given by relatives and friends.

DIED.

AUTRY.—At the residence of his grandmother, on October the 24th, 1887, at 4 o'clock A. M., of that dreaded disease, diptheria, little EMMITT ROSS, son of W. W. and S. J. Autry, aged 7 years, 10 months and 20 days. He has crossed over the river and is resting under the trees with his little brother and mother, who had gone before, waiting and watching for the loved ones left behind. L. D. T.

Biblical Recorder please copy.

GENERAL FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1887

N. C. BACON—		FODDER,	60@75
Hog Round,	13	HIDES—	
Sides,	13	Flint—good,	11
Hams,	16	Flint—damaged,	5@8
WEST. BULK MEATS—		Dry Salt,	9@10
Sides,	8@8½	Green,	4½
Shoulders,	7@7½	IRON—	
WESTERN BACON—		American,	3
Sides,	8@9½	Swedes,	5@6
Hams,	15@16	LARD—	
Shoulders,	8@8½	N. Carolina,	10
BAGGING,	9	Western,	8½@9
BEEF—		LEATHER—	
On foot,	3½	Upper, country,	35@40
Dressed,	5@6	Sole, Hemlock,	25@27
BEESWAX,	18@20	Harness, c'ntry,	25@30
BUTTER—		MOLASSES,	25@50
North Carolina,	20@25	NAILS—	
Northern,	30@35	(10d basis),	2.50
COFFEE—		PORK—	
Java,	30@35	Fresh,	8
Rio,	20@25	Mess,	(None.)
COTTON YARN,	85@95	POTATOES—	
COTTON TIES,	1.40	Sweet,	40@50
CHICKENS,	15@25	Irish—old, bus.	1.25
EGGS,	15	SALT,	90@1.00
FLOUR—		SUGARS—	
N. C. Family,	(None.)	Coffee,	6½@7
West. Fam.,	5.00@6.50	Granulated,	7½@8
CORN MEAL—	70@75	SHEETINGS,	6½
GRAIN—		SHUCKS,	50
Corn,	60@65	TALLOW,	5
Oats,	50	WOOL,	18
Rye,	85	SPIRITS—	
Peas,	(none)	Corn Whisky,	1.75@2.00
HAY—		Rye Whisky,	1.75@3.00
N. Carolina,	40@60	Ap. Brandy,	1.75@3.00
Northern,	1.00	Peh Brandy,	1.75@3.00

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

COTTON—The market opened on Monday of this week at 8¼ cents firm, remaining on Tuesday and yesterday at the same price.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits was firm yesterday at 30½ cents.

Rosin was steady, prices ranging from 65 and 90 cents for common.

Crude Turpentine—Hard $1.00, Yellow Dip $1.50, Virgin $1.75.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 2, 3:25 P. M.

COTTON.—Cotton firm at 9¼ cents.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market steady at 33½ cents per gallon.

ROSIN.—The market quoted firm at 80 cents per bbl. for strained and 85 cents for Good Strained.

NORFOLK, VA., Nov. 2, 1887.—Cotton firm at 9 5-16 cents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Horses! Horses!!

50 Horses.

Extra grown Western Horses, well broke to saddle and harness.

(A Few Nice Matches,)

to arrive and be sold on the 8th of November at

GASTER'S STABLES.

nov 3 1t

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

The books of the Real Estate Agency will be open for further subscription until next Tuesday, on which day the 2nd installment is due.

C. L. TAYLOR, Sec't'y.

nov 3-1t

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

Effervescent, Economical, Efficacious.

Beware of *Indigestion's* pain
And *Constipation's* cruel reign;
For often in their wake proceed
The sable pall and mourner's weed;
Then check these troubles ere an hour,
In Tarrant's Seltzer lies the power.

nov 3 2t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SYNOD

With its delightsome pleasures, lasting and charming associations and fond friends, is gone. Next

THE FAIR.

Fairer and fairest thing to do is to make PROVISION for next week. Take time and

Headquarters

by the forelock, and send in your orders.

GEO. A. THOMSON

will take great pleasure in meeting your every want.

STOCK

fully up and replete with every

Toothsome Good Goodies.

Headquarters

GEO. A. THOMSON.

ARRIVALS TO-DAY:

Atmore's Mince Meat,
Atmore's Plum Pudding,
Smoked Beef Tongues,
Fine Northern Beets,
Dried Garden Peas,
Hominy or Navy Beans,
French Prunes,
Dried Apples, "Mt. Airy."
Pig's Feet,
Bloater Mess No. 1 Mackerel,
Richmond Sausage,
London Layer Raisins,
Valencha Layer Raisins,
Lamb Tongues,
New Buckwheat,
Dried Butter Beans.

Good friends having cleaned out

Headquarters,

telegram replenished, and we are ready for the next, and always ready for any emergency.

ELEGANT ADDITIONS IN

GLASS and CROCKERY

DEPARTMENT:

Handsome Dinner Sets,
Lovely Tea Sets,
Imperial Toilet
and Chamber Sets.

New Departure.

Having taken the agency for one of the largest and most reliable

WALL-PAPER

factories, I can fill orders at greatly reduced prices. Call and see

HEADQUARTERS,

GEO. A. THOMSON.

A Rare Chance.

My residence on Haymount

FOR SALE.

Open for inspection from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

The most Desirable Complete and Convenient residence in our City.

Terms easy:—One-fourth cash, balance one, two and three years at 6 per cent.

POSSESSION GIVEN AT ONCE.

G. A. Thomson.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

—NOW OPENING AT—

Tillinghast's

CROCKERY STORE.

Nice lot of
IRONSTONE CHINA,
Nice lot of
CHEAP WHITE CHINA,
Nice lot of
FANCY CHINA,
Nice lot of
FANCY GLASSWARE.

BRASS ANDIRONS, BRASS TOP FIRE-DOGS BRASS HEAD SHOVELS AND TONGS, IRON SHOVELS AND TONGS, LAMPS, BURNERS, CHIMNEYS.

Table Knives, Pocket Knives, Tinware, Agateware, Brittannia Dippers, Spoons, &c., &c.

W. N. Tillinghast.

nov 3 4t

Dinner at the Fair.

Mrs. R. W. Thornton

Desires to notifiy the public that she will furnish dinner at the Fair Grounds next week, where you can be supplied with

OYSTERS, CHICKEN, TURKEY, HAM,

and other things as you desire.

nov 3 1t

Visitors to the Fair

—And others will find the—

Largest, Cheapest and Best Selected Stock of

Fancy Family Groceries,

Fruit and Confections

—AT—

W. J. BOONE & CO'S.,

West Gillespie Street.

WE THINK THEIR

B. M. Seafoam Flour,

sold only by them, is the best sold in this market. Try it. nov 3

WANTED!

50,000 Bushels Wheat,

For which we will pay CASH or give Flour in exchange.

E. G. Styron & Co.,

Proprietors Carolina Roller Mills.

nov 3 tf

C. F. & Y. V. Railway

Will run Excursion Trains for

FAYETTEVILLE FAIR

—ON—

NOVEMBER 9th and 10th.

Leave Greensboro,.....6:00 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville,.....10:30 A. M.

RETURNING,

Leave Fayetteville,.....5:00 P. M.
Arrive Greensboro,.....9:30 P. M.

NOVEMBER 10th:

Leave Bennettsville,.....7:00 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville,.....10:00 A. M.

RETURNING,

Leave Fayetteville,.....5:00 P. M.
Arrive Bennettsville,.....8:00 P. M.

For regular trains see schedule No. 28.

Rates lower than ever before.

Round trip tickets on sale at all stations from 8th to 11th limited good to return until the 12th inclusive, on all trains.

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent
J. W. FRY, General Supt. nov 3-1t

"OLD CAVENDISH."

The Best

TOBACCO

on the market without regard to price, at

A. MOORE'S

New Goods.

BROWN & RODDICK,

27 HAY ST., FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Have now on their counters a splendid assortment of

Dress Goods

In Flannels, Tweed Suitings, Serges, Cashmeres—all grades, Plaids and Stripes.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,
VELVETS, LACES AND BUTTONS.

CLOAKS, JACKETS AND JERSEYS

For Ladies and Children.

BLANKETS,

FLANNELS AND BED COMFORTS.

TABLE DAMASK,

In Red, White and Fancy Border.

Towels, Napkins and Doileys.
Hosiery, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Gloves and Ribbons.
Ladies', Gents' and Misses' UNDERWEAR.
Jeans, Cassimeres and Doeskins—a full line.

BROWN & RODDICK,

27 Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

Branch of Wilmington House,
No. 9 North Front Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

T. A. KLUTZ,

Architect and Superintendent,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

oct 27 t jan 1

Let Us Talk Together.

WE WANT TO PROVE TO YOU THAT IT IS OUR HONEST INTENTION TO SELL YOU GOODS WITHOUT ANY OLD-TIME WAR PROFITS.

PRICES TELL THE PEOPLE

—AND—

THE PEOPLE TELL THE PRICES

Plain Talk.

THERE NEVER HAS BEEN A TIME when your money had such a purchasing power as now. Never before could so large a variety of useful, desirable articles be had for your "small coins." In thinking the matter over, there is but one parallel to our amazement that goods can be made so cheap, and that is that some persons will persist in adding last generation's profit to the present day low goods.

We propose to sell all goods on as low a *margin* of profit as the more common articles on which you are "posted." In the long run it will pay us. Our profits in every instance shall be raised on the cost of doing business. Every reasonable man and woman knows that this means a fair advantage to them. No two hundred per cent. shall be ticketed away on any of the minor values, just because you may be ignorant concerning them. Come and give us an opportunity to prove our intention to treat you fairly by examining our fresh and new stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, HATS, &c.,
HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, WOOD and WILLOW WARE.

FLOUR A SPECIALTY.

A. V. MAULTSBY,

oct 20 6m 69 Person Street.

THE BIG BLADE OPEN

In the hands of an

Expert Oyster Opener,

Whose services I have secured for the season.

SEND IN YOUR ORDERS.

OYSTERS

Taken from the shell after your orders are received.

☞ Satisfaction guaranteed.

W. J. McDONALD, JR.,

oct 20 tf No. 4 Green Street.

BEAUTIFUL STYLES.

Received Yesterday,

AND NOW ON EXHIBITION,

50 PIECES | 50 PIECES | 50 PIECES

HANDSOME, ALL-WOOL

DRESS FLANNELS.

These goods have never been sold in the city for less than 60 cents per yard. We are selling them at

37½ Cts.

They are Decided Bargains.

Frank Thornton

oct 13 tf

PREPARE FOR

The Methodist Conference;

Do not wait too long.

GET READY FOR THE

Presbyterian Synod.

Both are to be held in Fayetteville this fall.

In order that your wishes may be satisfied and your houses put in perfect order, we have bought and are now daily receiving the largest lot of

FURNITURE

Ever Brought to Fayetteville.

We invite an inspection of our beautiful setts of

WALNUT, CHERRY, POPLAR

BEDROOM AND PARLOR

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

ELEGANT

CHAIRS, LOUNGES, SOFAS, SPRING BEDS.

☞ In fact, every article that is kept in a complete furniture store. We have also a full line of

SASH! DOORS! BLINDS!

UNDERTAKERS' STOCK

Is up with the Times. | Is up with the Times.

S. SHEETZ & SON,

sep 22 3m 8 and 10 Green Street.

THE Aurora Watch

Is emphatically the best Watch made for the price.

—THE—

Aurora Watch

Is the most carefully and accurately made Watch, and is a first-class time keeper.

Warren Prior & Son

Are stockholders in the AURORA Watch Factory, and Selling agents for the AURORA Watch Co.

—SELECT YOUR—

WEDDING RING

—AND—

Bridal Presents

—OF—

PRIOR,

THE JEWELER.

feb 1 tf

HOW TO MAKE CHEAP SILOS.

At the Request of the State Agricultural Society

BY RICHARD H. LEWIS, M. D.

Silos, or receptacles for the preparation by partial fermentation, under pressure, of green forage crops in a succulent, appetizing and digestible condition *(Ensilage)*, may be made either in the ground or above it. The writer will, after giving the important general features of any good Silo, attempt to describe, as simply and clearly as possible, the method of constructing one of each variety, so as to meet the requirements of farmers in every section of the State.

A good Silo should be: 1. Dry. 2. Its walls should be air-tight. 3. They should be strong enough to prevent spreading. 4. They should be smooth and vertical, or slightly inclined outward at the top. Some think the latter better.

The Earthen Silo.—If the location is high enough to prevent water rising in the bottom, and the soil is stiff enough to prevent caving of the walls, this form of Silo is the simplest and cheapest. It is nothing more than a pit dug in the clay with smooth, vertical or inclined sides, with a shelter over it. As ensilage when filled in rapidly shrinks about one-third, it is well to extend the walls above ground by means of plank, so as to utilize the entire depth of the pit. This can be done by nailing rough inch-plank edge to edge on the inside of 4x4 posts set four to six feet apart, the lower ends being let into the bottom six or eight inches, and the posts themselves countersunk in the walls one inch below their surface—this inch being filled out with an inch-plank nailed over the post. In this way the plank and clay portions of the walls are made flush with each other. Most of the Silos of the writer are of this kind, and he can state, after an experience of several years, that they preserve the ensilage perfectly.

The Above-ground Silo has the advantage of affording greater facility in taking the ensilage *out*. It is, however, in the same proportion, difficult to get it *in*, although it may be more convenient from having an abundance of labor at hand at that time. The Silo above-ground may be made of stone, concrete, brick or wood. As we are interested in cheap Silos, we will consider the last only.

A very common form of wooden Silo is made by covering 2x6 or 2x8 studs, inside and out, with rough plank, and filling in between with earth. This answers the purpose admirably, but one made as follows is neater, stronger and fully as cheap. Lay four 8x8 sills level on the ground, and fasten their ends together securely. Rest on this sill, two feet apart, the lower ends of 2x10 studs which have been notched or "jogged" seven inches. Toe-nail these to the sill, and drive a 40-penny nail into it just at the outer edge of the studs to help hold them against the outward pressure of the ensilage. Saw off the tops of the studs on a level. Place on their level tops a 2x10 plate. Set on this plate the upright supports for a roof. Cover this with clapboards or shingles. Put in two braces, crossing each other in centre of Silo, from the sills, and two from the plates to hold the walls still more securely together. Line it inside with narrow tongued-and-grooved flooring put on horizontally. Make a door four feet wide in one end by putting battons on the outside of the flooring and sawing it out together with a section of one stud. The door must open outward. If the wall should be covered with tarred paper and another thickness of flooring laid on that, running up and down, it would be better, but not enough better to pay for the extra expense. Washing the inside thoroughly with crude petroleum, applied with a whitewash brush, is of advantage, as aiding in the prevention of rotting—the weak point in wooden Silos.

Chicken Cholera.

Dr. I. W. McDowell, Madisonville, West Virginia, upon the subject of cholera in the *Poultry Keeper*, writes good sense as follows:

I have had some experience with that dread of the poultry yard—cholera. I managed it both last summer and this, on the usual plan. I did not use much effort to cure the sick ones, only by way of experimenting, but my experiments were not satisfying in their results at all. I was better satisfied with efforts of prevention. For this I whitewashed thoroughly inside and out, sprinkled the grounds freely and frequently with sulphuric acid two ounces, water three gallons. I put carbolic acid in their drinking water and also in their soft feed, and sometimes I would vary by giving in their soft feed a mixture of sulphur, cayenne pepper and ginger. I fumigated with sulphur. After all were on their roosts I would burn sulphur in the house, first closing up the doors tightly, and would let it burn until all were sneezing. Sometimes one or two would fall off from the roosts from the effects of the fumes, but they would soon rally. I repeated the fumigating two or three times a week. After commencing the foregoing plan very few of my birds took the cholera, and a number that had it recovered. I have more faith in carbolic acid and sulphur fumes as preventives in cholera than any means I have yet used. I believe that numbers of sick birds were cured by this means.

I lost but seven or eight chicks out of a flock of seventy-five—over one third of them had the cholera. I do not assert the above as the best plan of prevention and cure, but I do assert it is the best plan I have yet found, and I have done considerable experimenting with my birds that were sick.

Several persons have made fortunes from the manufacture of chewing gum, which has become much in vogue. One firm went into the manufactare as a denier resort to use up a lot of valuble materials.

Texas has a new capitol that will cost $3,000,000.

The cotton crop in Texas this year is said to be 125,000 bales less than last year.

It is seen from the returns made to the State Treasurer that the volume of the business of the State Banks, exclusive of private and national banks, for the past year, was $1,600,000, and one bank failed to report.

The Democrats of Virginia are sanguine of success. The election takes place on the 8th of November. We hope that the Legislature may be democratic, and that Gov. Lee will be the next Senator.

We learn from the *News and Observer* that at the regular annual meeting of the State Agricultural Society W. G. Upchurch was re-elected President, and Eugene G. Harrell, Esq. was elected Secretary to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Hon. John Nichols.

The Knights of Labor are down on lawlessness. In the General Assembly, recently held at Minneapolis, a resolution sympathising with the Anarchists was voted down, the vote being 151 to 52. Mr. Powderly, by his speech, showed that he was not in sympathy with them.

NORTH CAROLINA CROPS.

Increase in Cotton Four Points Since the 15th of Last Month.

Reports Based on Views from Corresponents of the State at Large.

The State Department of Agriculture has issued a report of the condition of the crops in the State at large, based upon reports of correspondents from all sections of the State. The various crops stand as follows:

COTTON.

Notwithstanding complaints from unfavorable atmospheric conditions in September, the returns show an increase in the yield of cotton of more than four points since the 15th of last month. The average production in the State grades 89½.

CORN.

The same improvement is noted in the production of corn, though the increase is not so great as in the last report. There is no doubt that the corn crop of the State is far in excess of any crop grown in the last decade. The average of the State at large, as compiled from the October reports, shows 95¼ to be a fair estimate. Nearly all the crop has been housed.

TOBACCO.

But little damage resulted from the early frosts, and the conditions for curing have been favorable in most localities. The new returns show an increase—a matter hardly expected, when the many mishaps tending to injure the growing crop are considered. The increase amounts to nearly four points, the present average being 92½. Due allowance must be made for the small acreage set. The production of the State at large will not be as great as last year, but the yield per acre averages the figures given.

WHEAT.

From the best information we are able to gather, the wheat crop for the next year is most promising. From all parts of the State come reports telling of the extra care being bestowed in the preparation of the land for the next crop. The indications also point to an increased acreage in many parts of the State.

OATS.

The same may be said of the oat crop. The ground is being prepared for the reception of the seed, and the returns indicate an increased acreage for next crop.

RICE.

The returns are not so flattering as to this crop. The average last reported was 97½; this has been reduced to 94½. No reason is given for the failure of the crop to hold former quotations.

SORGHUM.

Special requests were made for reports of this crop, and the returns are very gratifying—even greater than anticipated. It would be hard to estimate the number of gallons of syrup that will be made this year, yet the reports are that it is hardly possible that all the crop can be worked up. This applies to the Piedmont and western portions of the State. A careful estimate of the returns shows that the crop will average 108 in the State, while some sections report it from 15 to 50 per cent. in excess of the normal production.

BUCKWHEAT.

For reasons not given, the buckwheat crop does not average up well. There is but little raised in the State, and that in the far west to the greatest extent, yet it grows to the greatest perfection in all Piedmont and Western North Carolina. The average in the State is 83.

POTATOES.

The sweet and Irish potato crops are, after all, very good, the grade being 98 for sweet and 96 for Irish potatoes.

PEAS.

The pea crop seems to be without precedent. On all sides it is conceded to be very great, many correspondents stating that nothing like it has ever been seen in the State. The acreage is very large.

OTHER POINTS.

The cabbage crop has not improved since the last report, though in some parts of the west the crop is considered good. The yield of hay has been, on the whole, very fair, and the same may be said of clover. There is a disposition to give more attention to forage crops another year.

THE LADY AND THE BURGLARS.

She Cowes No. 1, but Screams When She Sees No. 2.

[Boston Gazette.]

A young married lady whose face is familiar at the hospitals, charitable institutions and the various art rooms and picture galleries had, not long since, a singular experience., Her bed room had a lay bay window front and two ordinary windows on one side of the room. It was a warm night early in the season, and, her husband being absent, she took the extra precaution of fastening the blinds of the long front windows by placing against them a carpet hassock. On retiring she at once fell asleep, but found herself suddenly aroused and in an instant wide awake. Wondering what had awakened her, she sat up in bed and noticed that the blinds were pushed apart and that it was early dawn. She said audibly, as if to herself, "Why, I am sure I fastened those blinds," and, making up her mind to fasten them and have another nap, put her feet out of bed; but instead of touching the floor they rested on a man's stomach.

Although thoroughly frightened, while feeling the quick beating of a man's heart beneath her feet, she thought of what was best to do. A chiffonier stood near by, and with a single step she reached it, opened a drawer and took therefrom a little revolver, recently won in a bet, which had never been loaded. She cocked it and for the first time looked at her intruder. He was a colored man. She, being born and bred at the South, was as indignant at that fact as she was afraid. Pointing the pistol at him she said: "Get up, you nigger; go out as you came in! How dare you enter a lady's room in this way?" He moved toward the window, she pointing the pistol toward him all the time, when, her indignation increasing, she ordered him to "sit down." As he obeyed he put his hand behind him, and she, fearing a razor might be forthcoming, said: "Your hand to the front, or I'll blow your black head off!" She then gave him a bit of advice and ordered him "out of the window."

Feeling nervously unstrung by this time, she opened her door to go to her mother's apartment, when lo and behold! there stood another darkey! This was the "last straw," and yielding to a womanly impulse, she screamed, "murder! murder!" which brought her family and servants to the hall, and "number two" made a hasty exit through the lady's room and out of the open window. Valuable jewels and clothing were found in a bundle under the bed, but the rascals had taken nothing from the house with them.

The sugar refiners, with the exception of one or two, have combined to control the trade. Their capital is estimated at $15,000,000.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall street, New York.

For sale by A. S. HUSKE & CO.
feb 24, mar 3 1y

Gained 15 Pounds.

"I have been a great sufferer from Torpid Liver and Dyspepsia. Every thing I ate disagreed with me until I began taking

Tutt's Pills

I can now digest any kind of food; never have a headache, and have gained fifteen pounds in weight."
W. C. SCHULTZE, Columbia, S. C.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.
mar 24 1y

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

A SPECIFIC FOR

WOMAN'S DISEASES

—SUCH AS—

Painful Menstruation, Profuse Menstruation, Suppressed Menstruation, Scanty Menstruation and Irregular Menstruation or Monthly Sickness.

If taken during the CHANGE OF LIFE, great suffering and danger will be avoided. Send for book "MESSAGE TO WOMEN," mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

EXCELSIOR COOK STOVES

ALWAYS SATISFACTORY

EIGHTEEN SIZES AND KINDS

ALL PURCHASERS CAN BE SUITED

MANUFACTURED BY
Isaac A. Sheppard & Co., Baltimore, Md.
AND FOR SALE BY
McMILLAN BROS.,
mar 24-1y Fayetteville, N. C.

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Plained Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS HARDWARE.

Estimates given. Orders solicited from abroad.
Address WALTER WATSON,
apl 7-tf Fayetteville, N. C.

Excelsior Printing Co.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Cheap Printing. First-class Work and *CASH PRICES.*

☞ *All Work delivered when promised.*
apl 21 1y

Cool Summer Drinks!

Bond's Sodium Fountain in Full Blast.

He uses none but the purest syrups and juices at his Fountain, and with his Patent Ice Shaver (not crusher) and his new Lightning Shaker, he is prepared to furnish Milk Shakes, Limeades, &c., &c., that cannot be excelled. Call, and Clarence will convince you.

apl 21 tf

TIN!

Another big drive in Tinware at
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

I. A. MURCHISON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

ALSO AGENT FOR

Sale and Purchase of Real Estate.

Office on Bow Street, - Fayetteville, N. C.
feb 17 tf

THO. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.,

April 29, 1880.

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

OFFICE:
North-east corner Market Square.
tf

A New Departure for Fayetteville.

VIGILANCE THE PRICE OF SAFETY.

PETROLEUM FOR FAMILY USE.

Horne's Tested Kerosene.

Not without expense and labor, I have equipped myself for testing KEROSENE OIL, and will hereafter sell only such as will meet the requirements of the New York State law, which is considered the best and most stringent upon this subject.

Dealers and others wishing samples examined, can have it done at a moderate charge by the the most approved method.

No doubt this move will result favorably to oil consumers. Encourage the PRIME MOVER.

H. R. HORNE.
sep 22 tf

Fine Mountain Beef.

I am daily expecting a large lot of fine Mountain Beef. Parties who wish to make

CORNED BEEF

Will do well to leave their orders.

GOOD BEEF AND FRESH, HOME-MADE SAUSAGE

Always on hand.

I will also buy | I will also buy

HIDES,

And pay the highest market price.

☞ Fresh Beef every day. Call at the Market, on
W. H. TOMLINSON.
oct 20 tf

IMPROVED FACILITIES FOR Ginning Cotton.

The Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil Mill Company

have added to their former Plant an additional Engine to run their Cotton Gins. The Company is now prepared to gin cotton with expedition, in the best manner, on as reasonable terms as any Gin here or elsewhere, and deliver in merchantable order, promptly, at any point in town. The Company solicits a share of the patronage of planters. They will buy, daily, Cotton in the Seed at the Gins, and also Cotton Seed, for which the highest market prices will be paid.

ROGER S. WILLIAMS is in charge of the Gins, and N. B. ALEXANDER the Oil Mill, and will be at the Mill regularly every business day through the season.

J. D. WILLIAMS,
President.
Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 8th, 1887. tf

Administrator's Sale.

As Administrator of the estate of the late James McNatt, dec'd, I will sell, at the Market House, in the town of Fayetteville, on Monday, the 14th day of November, at 12 o'clock, the following personal property, to-wit: Five head of good Mules, one Cart, one Lytch's Cotton Planter, five Grain Cradles and a lot of other farming utensils; also, 325 bushels Cotton Seed. Terms cash.

oct 20 ts P. L. SHAW, Adm'r.

WALTER WATSON

—IS—

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

Engine and Saw Mill Supplies,

Rubber Belting,

Leather Belting,

Lacing and

Belt Fastenings

Of all kinds, at

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

ESTIMATES AND CORRECT MEASUREMENTS

Given for

Machinery and Machinery Supplies.

☞ **Write for prices.**

WALTER WATSON.
oct 13 tf

READ THIS.

For the purpose of closing up my professional business and private affairs in Cumberland county, I expect to attend the November term of the Superior Court in Fayetteville, and while there unless sooner disposed of privately, I will offer for sale, at public auction, at the Market House, in Fayetteville, on Tuesday, November 22, at 12 o'clock M., the following real estate:

1. My Barn Lot on Mason street in Fayetteville.
2. The "Cicero Bell Place," about seven miles north of Fayetteville on the Raleigh road, adjoining George McKay's.
3. An undivided half interest in the "Blocker Place," four miles below Fayetteville, on the Wilmington road, now occupied by R. M. Orrell, who owns the other half interest.
4. At the above time and place, unless the balance due me is paid in the meantime, I will also sell the "Bradshaw Land" on which I hold a mortgage from P. P. Barge and wife, dated Dec. 8, 1885, registered in Book F, No. 4, page 3.

My old clients and other persons residing in Cumberland, who are indebted to me must take notice that I cannot give longer indulgence, and those who are able to pay and have not, can save themselves some trouble and expense by meeting me at the November court prepared to settle.

WM. A. GUTHRIE.
Durham, N. C., Oct. 7, 1887. oct 13 6t

ADVERTISEMENTS.

GUINNESS' Brown Stout.

Selected from Choicest Brewings.

Also, a Genuine article of

Milwaukee Beer.

For sale by

A. MOORE.

ALWAYS READY TO SUPPLY

COAL or ICE

—OR BOTH,—

At Prices as Low as any Can Name

A fine lot of SEASONED Flooring, Weather boards and Wide Boards for sale cheap to close stock

☞ Call at Ice Factory for Ice, Coal and

LUMBER.

N. H. SMITH.
sep 1 tf

A. GARRASON.

FRUITS:

Foreign, Domestic and Canned.

CANDY:

ROYSTER'S

(Fresh and Best.)

GROCERIES:

FROM

Beef Tongue to Side Meat.,

FROM

GRANULATED MEAL to GAMBRILL'S FLOUR,

FROM

Macaroni and Cheese

TO

MUSTARD and PICKLES,

TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF.

Call early and often.
apl 7 tf

H. McD. ROBINSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Collections a specialty. Prompt attention given to all business.
may 26 1y

CUMBERLAND HOUSE.

The most convenient to the travelling public. Is only 50 yards from the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad, in a pleasant location.

Table fare the BEST the market affords.

TERMS REASONABLE.

☞ Convenient for Drummers.
may 19 1y D. H. BELL, Proprietor.

House and Lot for Sale.

Wishing to remove to another locality, the place where I now reside is for sale. The house has eleven rooms, including the basement; gas all through the house. The lot is large, being one-half of a square; has an office in the yard 18x38. For further particulars apply to

J. H. ROBERTS,
Shandon, N. C.,
Or MR. J. D. WILLIAMS,
oct 13 tf Fayetteville, N. C.

"Get Ready."

Before the cold weather comes, get out your Heating Stoves and have them put in order. See that new grates, fire pots and pipe have taken the place of the burned out parts. With a large supply of

COAL

on hand, we are prepared to keep you comfortable.

Have Your Stoves Repaired.

We have a full line of

Cooking and Heating Stoves

on hand, and will sell them at prices to suit the times.

Call and see the nicest line of BRASS GOODS ever shown in this market:

BRASS

Fire Dogs, Fenders, Shovels,
Tongs, Pokers, Spark Fenders, &c.

☞ Fenders to suit any size fire place.

McMILLAN BROS.
oct 6 tf

Express Steamboat Co.

THE STEAMER D. MURCHISON,

CAPT. J. C. SMITH,

will, on and after April 1st, leave Fayetteville on Tuesdays and Fridays at 8 o'clock.

Returning, will leave Wilmington at

2 P. M. Wednesdays and 12 M. Saturdays.

☞ Freight and passenger accommodations first-class.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.
WILLIAMS & MURCHISON,
mar 24-tf Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

J. S. McNEILL,

DEALER IN

Choice Family Groceries,

CIGARS, TOBACCO AND SNUFF,

(Opposite Wilson Short Cut Depot,)

Hay Street, - - - Fayetteville, N. C.
oct 6 4t

For Sale or Rent.

For the purpose of changing residence, I will sell or rent the place on which I now reside, situated on the east side of Cape Fear River, three miles below the Clarendon Bridge. There are on this place about 300 acres, two-thirds of it under cultivation, which has been highly composted for the past three years. For further particulars address

W. C. FIELDS,
sep 1 2m Idaho, N. C.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

FAYETTEVILLE NOVELTY WORKS

Still to the Front!

And prepared to make Sash, Blinds, Doors and other material for building purposes. Planing and building done to order. For information write to
SUTTON & HENZI,
june 16 6m Proprietors.

FAYETTEVILLE Sewing Machine and Music House.

ORGANS $30, $40, $45, $55, $65 to $100.
NEW MACHINES $25, $30 and $40.
OLD MACHINES $8 to $10.
Staybright Polish, for Furniture.
MACHINES AND ORGANS REPAIRED.
june 23 1y J. H. FARRAR, Agt.

F. F. F. F. F. F. F.

REMEMBER, YOU WILL

Find First-class, Fine, Fresh, Flavored, Fancy Family Groceies,

PROVISIONS, FRUITS, NUTS and CANDIES, at

R. T. SCANLIN'S,

Agent, No. 47 Person Street.
feb 3 tf

A. GARRASON,

—DEALER IN—

HEAVY and FANCY GROCERIES,

General Family Supplies,

HAY STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
aug 13 131-tf

Merchant Mills.

GIN NOTICE!

COTTON PLANTERS

will please note the fact that I have put

NEW AND IMPOVED GINS AND MACHINERY

in service for this season's work. With plenty of power, labor and conveniences, I can turn out your work satifactorily and with promptness.

As I always pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICE for SEED COTTON, you had better come right along to the Mill, unload, get your CASH and be happy.

Respectfully,
JAS. D. McNEILL.
sep 14 tf

—*FRESH*—

Foreign and Domestic Fruits

Always on hand. Also, a full supply of

Fancy Groceries.

J. L. TATUM & CO.
sep 29 tf

CAROLINA Roller Mills.

FLOUR and MEAL.

Depository and office in Williams Building.

E. G. STYRON & CO.,
oct 13 1y Proprietors.

E. A. POE,

Manufacturer of BRICK,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Remember, I make the best Brick made in the State. apl 21 tf

Tobacco.

A COMPLETE LINE OF

TOBACCO, all GRADES,

From 20 Cents to $1.50 per Pound,

Can be had of

W. J. McDONALD, Jr.
july 7 tf

Trustee's Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust, executed on Aug. 15, 1885, by the North Carolina Millstone Company to the undersigned as Trustee, I will sell at public auction for cash, on the 10th day of November, 1887, at 10 o'clock, on the premises at Parkewood, Moore county, N. C., all the property of said company, consisting of a tract of land containing 750 acres, upon which is situated the Millstone Quarry, machine shops, dwelling houses, saw mill, patent roller flour mill, foundry, the store-house, and all the mills and machinery, stock in trade, material, wagons, tools, and all the other personal property, together with the franchise of the Company; also, the telephone line of 17 miles extending from Cameron, on R. & A. A. L. R. R., via Carthage, to Parkewood.

A. G. BRENIZER, Trustee.
Sept. 22, 1887. 29 ts

NOTICE Of Sale of Land.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, in special proceedings entitled "J. A. Lilly and others *ex parte*, we will, on

Monday, the 7th day of November, 1887,

expose to sale, at public auction, at the Court House door in Lillington, Harnett County, on the terms hereinafter stated, two tracts of Land in Harnett County, on the Cape Fear River, near Lillington, and described as follows:

1st Tract, adjoining the lands of H. H. Vestal's heirs, Jas. Boyles and others, on the east side of the Cape Fear River, and containing 451 acres, and being the land described as "first tract" in a deed made by N. McKay, Jr., and wife to H. Tilly, recorded in Book K, page 109, Register of Deeds' office for Harnett county. This tract will be subdivided into several small tracts, and a plot can be seen at the office of Maj. B. F. Shaw at Lillington.

2nd Tract, adjoining the lands above described, containing 130½ acres, and known as "E. C. McLean down tract," being the "second tract" described in deed of N. McKay, Jr., and wife to H. Lilly, and recorded in Book K, page 109, Register of Deeds office for Harnett county. This tract will be sold subject to the life estate of Mrs. McLean.

The terms of sale are as follows: One-third of the purchase money will be required on day of sale, and notes, with approved security, will be required for the remainder, payable six and twelve months from day of sale, and bearing interest at rate of six per cent. from day of sale.

H. W. LILLY,
R. T. GRAY,
oct 1 ts Commissioners.

CAP FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

CODENSED SCHEDULE NO. 28.

Taking effect at 5:00 A. M., Monday, Oct. 17, 1887.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Freight & Accom'd'n.
Leave Jennettsville,	9:45 a. m.	2:15 p. m.
Arrive Laxton,	11:20 a. m.	4:25 p. m.
Leave Laxton,	11:30 a. m.	4:25 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	1:30 p. m.	5:20 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	2:00 p. m.	8:20 p. m.
Arrive Sanford,	4:05 p. m.	8:00 a. m.
Leave Sanford,	4:15 p. m.	12:00 noon
Arrive Greensboro,	7:25 p. m.	1:05 p. m.
Leave Greensboro,	10:00 a. m.	6:50 p. m.
Arrive Pilot Mountain,	2:45 p. m.	

Passenger and Mail No. 1—dinner at Fayetteville.
Passenger and Mail No. 11—dinner at Germanton.

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Freight & Accom'd'n.
Leave Pilot Mountain,	4:00 p. m.	
Arrive Greensboro,	8:15 p. m.	
Leave Greensboro,	9:50 a. m.	6:00 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	12:55 p. m.	12:00 noon
Leave Sanford,	1:15 p. m.	1:30 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	3:20 p. m.	4:00 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	3:30 p. m.	6:00 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	5:15 p. m.	9:20 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	5:25 p. m.	10:05 a. m.
Arrive Bennettsville,	7:00 p. m.	12:45 p. m.

Passenger and Mail No. 2—dinner at Sanford.

Faory Branch—Freight and Accommodation.

TRAIN MOVING NORTH.

Leave Millboro,	8:05 a. m.	5:45 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	9:35 a. m.	7:25 p. m.

TRAIN MOVING SOUTH.

Leave Greensboro,	2:00 p. m.	
Leave Factory Junction,	3:00 p. m.	
Arrive Millboro,	3:45 p. m.	7:35 p. m.

Passenger and Mail Trains run daily except Sunday.

Fright and Accommodation Train runs between Bennettsville and Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and between Fayetteville and Greensboro on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Fight and Accommodation Train runs between Greensboro and Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and between Fayetteville and Bennettsville on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Tims on Factory Branch run daily except Sunday.

Th Freight and Accommodation between Fayetteville and Greensboro on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays connects at Sanford with the A. A. L. Trai which leaves Sanford at 12:30 p. m. and arrivest Raleigh at 4:45 p. m.

Che connection is made at Maxton with Carolina Centul Railway Passenger Trains to and from Wilmington.

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.
J. 7 FRY, General Superintendent.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R

AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Daed Dec. 27, 1886.	No. 48. Daily.	No. 40. Daily.
Leav Weldon,	2 15 P. M.	5 38 P. M.
Arriv Rocky Mount,	3 33 "	
Arriv Tarboro,	4 50 P. M.	
Leav Tarboro,	11 30 P. M.	
Arriv Wilson,	4 05 P. M.	6 38 P. M.
Leav Wilson,	4 03 "	
Arriv Selma,	5 40 "	
Agriv Fayetteville,	7 55 "	
Leave Goldsboro,	4 54 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw,	5 54 "	
Leave Burgaw,	7 00 "	
Arriv Wilmington,	7 50 "	9 55 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 47. Daily.	No. 43. Daily.
Leav Wilmington,	8 50 A. M.	8 50 P. M.
Leav Burgaw,	9 34 "	9 50 "
Leav Warsaw,	10 37 "	10 57 "
Arrie Goldsboro,	11 35 "	11 58 "
Leav Fayetteville,	8 20 "	
Arrie Selma,	10 47 "	
Arrie Wilson,	11 59 "	
Leve Wilson,	12 25 P. M.	12 51 A. M.
Arrve Rocky Mount,	12 40 "	
Arive Tarboro,	4 50 P. M.	
Leve Tarboro,	11 30 A. M.	
Arive Weldon,	2 35 P. M.	2 70 A. M.

A Freight and Passenger train on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday leaves Smithfield at 6 a. m. and arrives at Fayetteville at 10 a. m. Leaves Fayetteville at 3:40 p. m.; arrives at Smithfield at 6:50 p. m.

Freight and Passenger Train on Monday, Wednesday and Friday leaves Smithfield at 7:30 a. m. and arives at Wilson at 10:00 a. m. Leaves Wilson at 325 p. m. and arrives at Smithfield at 5:30 p. m.

Passenger Train north from Fayetteville connects with R. & D. R. R. at Selma for Raleigh and Greensboro.

Train on Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Halifax for Scotland Neck at 3.00 P. M. Returning leaves Scotland Neck at 9.30 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via Albermarle & Raleigh R. R. Daily except Sunday, 6.00 P. M., Sunday 5.00 P. M., arrive Williamston, N. C., 8.10 P. M., 5.40 P. M. Returning leaves Williamston, N. C., Daily except Sunday, 8.00 A. M., Sunday 9.50 A. M., arrive Tarboro, N. C., 10.05 A. M., 11.50 A. M.

Train on Midland, N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C. Daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M., arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.00 P. M. Returning leaves Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 A. M., arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.00 A. M.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No. 50. Northbound is No. 51.

Train No. 40 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No. 47 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

Trains make close connection for all points North via Richmond and Washington

All Trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

J. R. KENLY, Sup't Trans.
JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't
T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

Carolina Central R. R. Co.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

May 16, 1887.	No. 1. Daily ex. Sunday.	No. 3. Daily ex. Sunday.
Leave Wilmington,	7:25 a. m.	8:00 p. m.
Leave Maxton,	11:30 a. m.	.....
Leave Hamlet,	12:50 p. m.	2:33 a. m.
Leave Wadesboro,	2:15 p. m.	.....
Leave Charlotte,	4:32 p. m.	6:55 a. m. arr've
Leave Lincolnton,	6:17 p. m.	
Leave Shelby,	7:40 p. m.	
Arrive Rutherfordton,	9:10 p. m.	

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

May 16, 1887.	No. 2. Daily ex. Sunday.	No. 4. Daily ex. Sunday.
Leave Rutherfordton,	7:15 a. m.	
Leave Shelby,	3:48 a. m.	
Leave Lincolnton,	10:07 a. m.	
Leave Charlotte,	12:02 p. m.	8:45 p. m.
Leave Wadesboro,	2:30 p. m.	.....
Leave Hamlet,	3:38 p. m.	1:55 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	5:20 p. m.	.....
Arrive Wilmington,	9:05 p. m.	8:00 a. m.

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 make close connection at Maxton to and from Fayetteville, Greensboro and other points on C. F. & Y. V. Ry. At Wadesboro with trains to and from Cheraw, Florence and Charleston. Lincolnton to and from Hickory, Lenoir and points on C. & L. Narrow Gauge railroad.

Trains Nos. 3 and 4 make close connection at Hamlet with trains to and from Raleigh.

Through Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Charlotte and Charlotte and Raleigh.

Take train No. 1 for Statesville and points on W. N. C. railroad and points west.

Take train No. 3 for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest. Also for Asheville, via Spartanburg.

No. 3 connects at Wilmington with W. & W. railroad No. 23.

Local Freight Nos. 5 and 6 tri-weekly between Wilmington and Laurinburg.

Local Freight Nos. 7 and 8 tri-weekly between Laurinburg and Charlotte.

Local Freight Nos. 9 and 10 tri-weekly between Charlotte and Rutherfordton

Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 will not take passengers.

L. C. JONES, Superintendent.
F. W. CLARK, General Passenger Agent.